

Green Synthesis of Zinc Oxide NPS Using *Boerhavia diffusa* and Its Anticariogenic Activity

Original Research Article

ABSTRACT

Introduction: *Boerhavia diffusa* (BD) is a plant of *rasayana* category as per ayurvedic claims. It is reported to possess anticariogenic activity, disease prevention, and life strengthening activities which hold enormous influence in disease burden and affordability/availability of healthcare in the world.

Materials and Methods: 1g of *Boerhavia diffusa* is mixed 100 ml of distilled water and 2.5(0.514)g of (20 micromolar *boerhavia diffusa*) was dissolved in 60ml of distilled water to that 40 ml of filtered plant extract was added and was kept in an orbital shaker for approximately 72 hours. The formation of nanoparticles were confirmed both visually and by UV visible spectrophotometer. The nanoparticles were then centrifuged with the aid of a lark refrigerator centrifuge for 10 minutes at 8000 rpm.

Results and Discussion: Anticariogenic activity of respective nanoparticles against the strain *staphylococcus aureus*, *Candida albicans*, *Enterococcus faecalis* and *Streptococcus mutans* was utilized for this activity to determine the zone of inhibition. Muller hinton agar was prepared and sterilized for 45 min at 120lbs. The media was poured into the sterilized playesa d was let to stabilize for solidification. The wells were cut using the well cutter and the test organism was swabbed.

Conclusion: Anticariogenic activity of respective nanoparticles against the strain *staphylococcus aureus*, *Candida albicans*, *Enterococcus faecalis* and *Streptococcus mutans* was utilized for this activity to determine the zone of inhibition. Muller hinton agar was prepared and sterilized for 45 min at 120lbs. The media poured into the sterilized plates was let to stabilize for solidification. The wells were cut using the well cutter and the test organism was swabbed.

Keywords: *B. diffusa*; green synthesis; anticariogenic activity; eco-friendly.

1. INTRODUCTION

Nanotechnology is the technological innovation of the 21st century. Research and development in this field is growing rapidly throughout the world [1]. A major contribution of this field is the development of new materials in the nanometer scale. These are usually particulate materials with at least one dimension of less than 100 nanometers (nm), even the particles could be zero dimension in the case of quantum dots.

Metal nanoparticles have been of great interest due to their distinctive features such as catalytic, optical, magnetic and electrical properties [2]. Nanoparticles exhibit completely new or improved properties with larger particles of the bulk materials and these novel properties are derived due to the variation in specific characteristics such as size, distribution and morphology of the particles. Nanoparticles present a higher surface area to volume ratio with decrease in the size, distribution and

morphology of the particles. The growing need for environmentally friendly nanoparticles, researchers are using green methods for the synthesis of various metal nanoparticles for pharmaceutical applications [3].

Boerhavia Diffusa (BD) is a well-known medicinal plant in traditional Indian medicine as well as other parts of the world, for example, the Southern American and African continent. Its various parts and especially roots have been used for gastrointestinal, hepatoprotective, and gynecological indications in above mentioned parts of the world and also throughout India. In ayurvedic, more than 35 formulations of different types contain it as a major ingredient [4,5]. In Ayurveda, BD has been classified as "rasayana" herb which is said to possess properties like anti aging, reestablishing youth, strengthening life and brain power, and disease prevention, all of which imply that they increase the resistance of the body against any onslaught, in other words, providing hepatoprotection and immunomodulation [6,7]. Boerhavia Diffusa has been widely studied for its chemical constituents and therapeutic activities. The roots are the source of a novel class of isoflavonoids known as rotenoids, flavonoids, flavonoid glycosides, xanthenes, purine nucleoside, lignans, ecdysteroids, and steroids [8,9]. Various animal studies and trials have confirmed the presence of activities, for example, immunomodulation, hepatoprotection, antifibrinolytic, anticancer activity, antidiabetic activity, anti-inflammation, and diuresis [8]. In this paper, traditional uses, chemical constituents, and reported pharmacological activities have been summarized to present the chemical and therapeutic potential of this plant [10].

The plants are easily available and safe to handle and the nanoparticles synthesized by plant extract are more stable. Green synthesis of ZNPs has been carried out by Boerhavia Diffusa. Boerhavia diffusa has also proven to be valuable managerial biosensing element synergy between green nanotechnology powerful biomedical agents [11,12]. Boerhavia diffusa used to treat accumulation of fluids are effective as they are called as Rasayana to treat Anemia and liver Diseases [9]. Which acts as diuretic- anti inflammatory and hepatoprotective agents [13]. They process anti-proliferative effects on cancer cells and prevent spreading [14-16]. ZnO has a targeted drug delivery on - abri-cancer, anti-diabetic - antibacterial - antifungal and agricultural properties. Zinc oxide nanoparticles

exhibit antimicrobial activity at micromolar concentration. Anti-cariogenic activities are the property of preventing Tooth decay or fighting cavities [17]. Nanoparticles have multifunctional properties and have wide applications in various fields such as nutrition medicine and energy [18-21]. Various chemical methods have been projected for the synthesis of zinc [22,23]. The anticariogenic activity of zinc oxide nanoparticles using boerhavia diffusa shows anti-growth and anti-adherence effects against cariogenic bacteria [24,25,26]. Our team has extensive knowledge and research experience that has translate into high quality publications [27-33,20,34,35,36,29,37-45]. The objective of this study is to evaluate the anticariogenic activity of zinc oxide nanoparticles using boerhavia diffusa .

2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

2.1 Preparation of Plant Extract

1g of Boerhavia diffusa is mixed 100 ml of distilled water and 2.5(0.514)g of (20 micromolar boerhavia diffusa) was dissolved in 60ml of distilled water to that 40 ml of filtered plant extract was added and was kept in an orbital shaker for approximately 72 hours. The formation of nanoparticles were confirmed both visually and by UV visible spectrophotometer. The nanoparticles were then centrifuged with the aid of a lark refrigerator centrifuge for 10 minutes at 8000 rpm. The pellets were then separated from the supernatant and transferred into a single Eppendorf tube and stored for further studies.

2.2 Evaluation of Anticariogenic Activity

Anticariogenic activity of Zinc oxide nanoparticle using Boerhavia diffusa against the strain of caries - causing bacteria organism like staphylococcus aureus, Candida albicans, Enterococcus faecalis and Streptococcus mutans were evaluated. MHA agar was utilized for this activity to determine the zone of inhibition using agar well diffusion method. Mueller-hinton agar was prepared and sterilized for 45 min at 120lbs. The media was poured into the sterilized plates and was let to stabilize for solidification. The wells were cut using the well cutter and the test organism was swabbed. The nanoparticles (1mg/ml) with different quantities such as 25µl, 50µl and 100µl were loaded and the plates were incubated for 24 hours at 37 degree C. After the incubation time, the zone of inhibition was measured.

3. RESULTS

Anticariogenic activity of respective nanoparticles against the strain *staphylococcus aureus*, *Candida albicans*, *Enterococcus faecalis* and *Streptococcus mutans* was utilized for this activity to determine the zone of inhibition. Muller hinton agar was prepared and sterilized for 45 min at 120lbs [46]. The media was poured into the sterilized playesa d was let to stabilize for solidification. The wells were cut using the well cutter and the test organism was swabbed [47]. The nanoparticles (1 mg/ml) with different quantities such as 25µl, 50µl and 100µl were loaded and the plates were incubated for 24 hours at 37 degree C. After the incubation time, the zone of inhibition was measured [48].

4. DISCUSSION

The results obtained from the study were plotted in the form of graphs. The graph represents the zone of inhibition of *staphylococcus aureus*, *Candida albicans*, *Enterococcus faecalis* and *Streptococcus mutans* according to the concentration of the extract [48,49]. At 25µl concentration, the zone of inhibition of *staphylococcus aureus*, *Candida albicans*, *Enterococcus faecalis* and *Streptococcus mutans* were 9 mm, 9 mm, 9 mm, 10 mm respectively. Whereas in the 50µl zone of inhibition were 10mm, 9 mm, 9 mm, 10mm. In 100µl the zone of inhibition were 11mm, 9mm, 9mm, 10mm, And at antibiotics the zone of inhibition of *staphylococcus aureus*, *Candida albicans*, *Enterococcus faecalis* and *Streptococcus mutans*

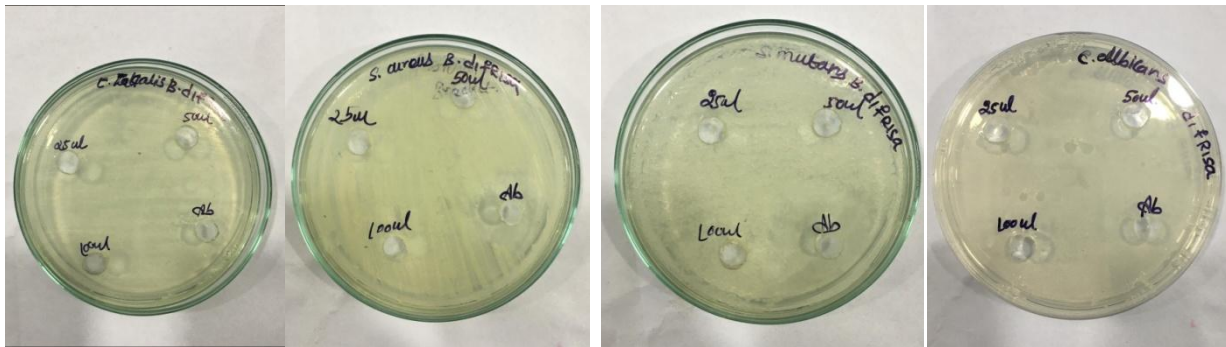
were 24 mm, 12 mm, 42 mm, 40mm respectively [50].

The rapid biological synthesis of zinc nanoparticles using leaf extract of *Boerhaavia diffusa* provides an environmentally friendly, simple and efficient route for synthesis of nanoparticles [51]. The use of plant extracts avoids the usage of harmful and toxic reducing and stabilizing agents. The synthesized nano crystallites of ZnO are in the range of 30-35 nm [52]. The synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles is still in its infancy and more research needs to be focused on the mechanism of nanoparticle formation which may lead to fine tuning of the process ultimately leading to the synthesis of nanoparticles with a strict control over the size and shape parameters [51,52]. Infection is caused by a strain of *Enterococcus faecalis* bacteria that's become resistant to the antibiotics commonly used to treat ordinary diseases [52,53]. MRSA infection may result in a number of clinical manifestations, including bacteraemia, endocarditis, sepsis, and death. Given its resistance to therapy with multiple antibiotics, MRSA infection is often difficult to treat. A higher rate of biofilm formation is directly linked with the drug resistance pattern of MRSA [54]. The ZnO nanoparticles coated surfaces could inhibit bacterial biofilm formation, thereby increasing the antibiotic exposure [55-69].

The limitations of this study are that it can be done on various culture plates and observe the specific activity of each [70]. It can also be done with many bacterial and fungal organisms excluding those that have been studied in this research [71].



Fig. 1. Preparation of zinc oxide nanoparticle using boerhavia diffusa extract



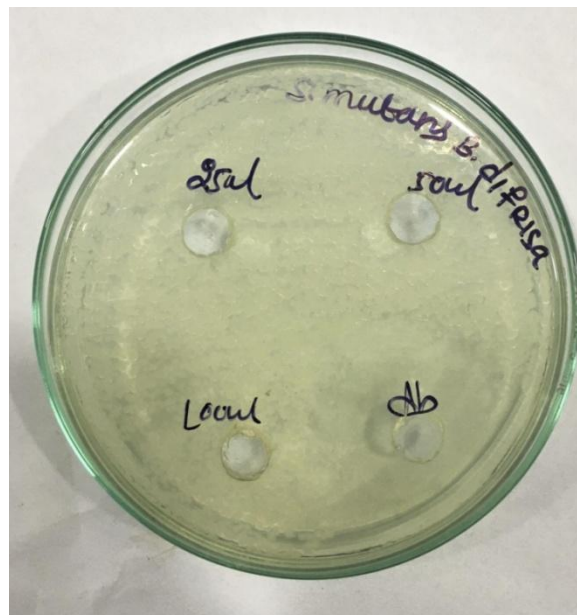
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

Fig. 2. Anticariogenic activity of zinc oxide nanoparticles using boerhavia diffusa (A)Enterococcus faecalis, (B) staphylococcus aureus, (C) staphylococcus mutans, (D) Candida albicans



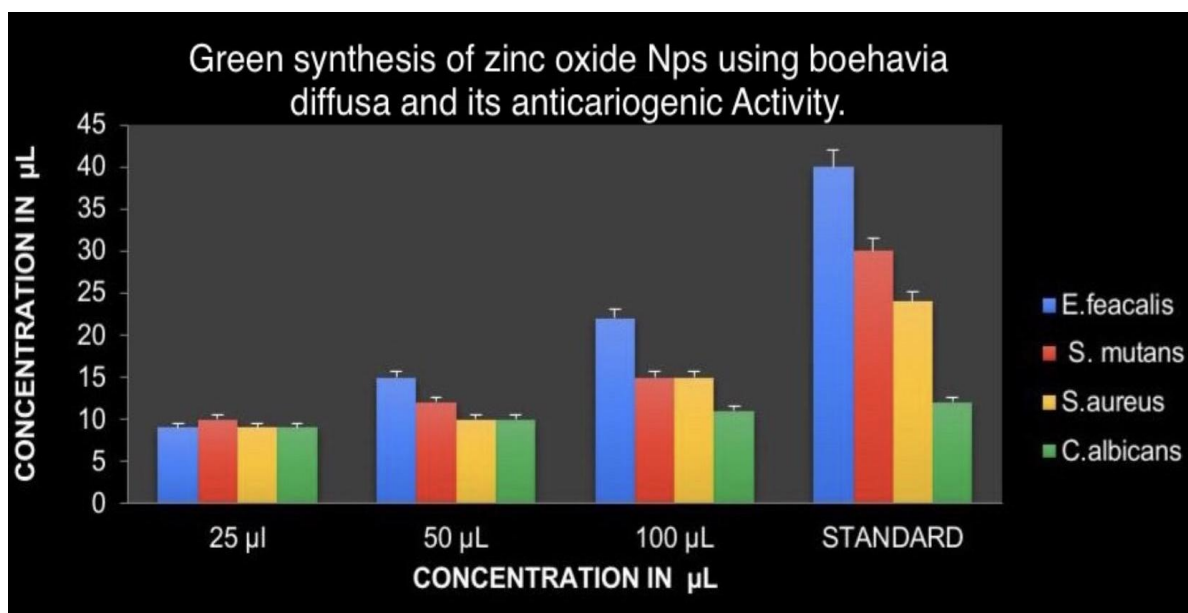


Fig. 3. This figure represents the anticariogenic activity of zinc oxide nanoparticles using boehavia diffusa. X axis refers to concentration in µl and, Y axis refers to the zone of inhibition of bacteria in mm, data were implied as mean ± SEM

The future scope for this study can lead to the development of commercial products of various nanoformulations, mouthwash, toothpaste, oral gels, etc that are safe, effective, and are economical [4].

5. CONCLUSION

According to the present observation, we conclude that green synthesis of zinc oxide nanoparticles using boehavia diffusa showed a good range of zones of inhibition and possessed excellent anticariogenic activity, especially against the *Enterococcus faecalis*. It is eco-friendly, effective, simple and powerful against multi-drug resistant bacteria [72-73]. Zinc oxide nanoparticles can thus be used for traditional antibiotics as a non-toxic substitute.

CONSENT

It is not applicable.

ETHICAL APPROVAL

It is not applicable.

COMPETING INTERESTS

Authors have declared that no competing interests exist.

REFERENCES

1. Ellmer K, Klein A, Rech B. Transparent conductive zinc oxide: basics and applications in thin film solar cells. Springer Science & Business Media. 2007;446.
2. Hong S-H, Winter J. Publisher's Note: "Micro-Raman spectroscopy on a-C:H nanoparticles [J. Appl. Phys. 98, 124304 (2005)] [Internet]. Vol. 98, Journal of Applied Physics. 2005. p. 129901. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.2168047>
3. Cheng XL, Zhao H, Huo LH, Gao S, Zhao JG. ZnO nanoparticulate thin film: preparation, characterization and gas-sensing property [Internet]. Sensors and Actuators B: Chemical. 2004;102:248–52. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.snb.2004.04.080>
4. Shunmugam R, Balusamy SR, Kumar V, Menon S, Lakshmi T, Perumalsamy H. Biosynthesis of gold nanoparticles using marine microbe (*Vibrio alginolyticus*) and its anticancer and antioxidant analysis [Internet]. Journal of King Saud University - Science. 2021;33:101260. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jksus.2020.101260>
5. Rajeshkumar S, Sherif MH, Malarkodi C, Ponnaiyappan M, Arasu MV, Al-Dhabi NA, et al. Cytotoxicity behaviour of

- response surface model optimized gold nanoparticles by utilizing fucoidan extracted from padina tetrastromatica [Internet]. Vol. 1228, Journal of Molecular Structure. 2021. p. 129440. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.molstruc.2020.129440>
6. Fonrodona M, Escarre J, Villar F, Soler D, Asensi J, Bertomeu J, et al. PEN as substrate for new solar cell technologies [Internet]. Vol. 89, Solar Energy Materials and Solar Cells. 2005. p. 37–47. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.solmat.2004.12.006>
 7. Park YK, Umar A, Kim SH, Kim J-H, Lee EW, Vaseem M, et al. Comparison between the electrical properties of ZnO nanowires based field effect transistors fabricated by back- and top-gate approaches [Internet]. Journal of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology. 2008;8:6010–6. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1166/jnn.2008.478>
 8. Barma MD, Kannan SD, Indiran MA, Rajeshkumar S, Pradeep Kumar R. Antibacterial activity of mouthwash incorporated with silica nanoparticles against *S. aureus*, *S. mutans*, *E. faecalis*: An in-vitro Study [Internet]. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020;25–33. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/jpri/2020/v32i1630646>
 9. Vikneshan M, Saravanakumar R, Mangaiyarkarasi R, Rajeshkumar S, Samuel SR, Suganya M, et al. Algal biomass as a source for novel oral nano-antimicrobial agent [Internet]. Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences. 2020;27:3753–8. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.sjbs.2020.08.022>
 10. Solano RA, Herrera AP, Maestre D, Cremades A. Fe-TiO₂ nanoparticles synthesized by green chemistry for potential application in waste water photocatalytic treatment [Internet]. Journal of Nanotechnology. 2019;2019:1–11. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1155/2019/4571848>
 11. Karthik V, Arivarasu L, Rajeshkumar S. Hyaluronic acid mediated zinc nanoparticles against oral pathogens and its cytotoxic potential [Internet]. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020;113–7. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/jpri/2020/v32i1930716>
 12. Nandhini NT, Rajeshkumar S, Mythili S. The possible mechanism of eco-friendly synthesized nanoparticles on hazardous dyes degradation [Internet]. Biocatalysis and Agricultural Biotechnology. 2019;19:101138. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.bcab.2019.101138>
 13. Shree MK, Kavya Shree M, Arivarasu L, Rajeshkumar S. Cytotoxicity and antimicrobial activity of chromium picolinate mediated zinc oxide nanoparticle [Internet]. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020;28–32. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/jpri/2020/v32i2030726>
 14. Barma MD. Synthesis of triphala incorporated zinc oxide nanoparticles and assessment of its antimicrobial activity against oral pathogens : An in-vitro study [Internet]. Bioscience Biotechnology Research Communications. 2020;13:74–8. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.21786/bbrc/13.7/14>
 15. Website [Internet]. Available:Gomathi M, Prakasam A, Rajkumar PV, Rajeshkumar S, Chandrasekaran R, Anbarasan PM. Green synthesis of silver nanoparticles using *Gymnema sylvestre* leaf extract and evaluation of its antibacterial activity [Internet]. South African Journal of Chemical Engineering. 2020.;32:1–4. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.sajce.2019.11.005>
 16. Rajasekaran S, Damodharan D, Gopal K, Rajesh Kumar B, De Pours MV. Collective influence of 1-decanol addition, injection pressure and EGR on diesel engine characteristics fueled with diesel/LDPE oil blends [Internet]. Fuel. 2020;277:118166. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.fuel.2020.118166>
 17. Jaisankar AI, Arivarasu L. Free radical scavenging and anti-inflammatory activity of chlorogenic acid mediated silver nanoparticle [Internet]. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020;106–12. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/jpri/2020/v32i1930715>
 18. Devi VS, Subathra Devi V, Gnanavel BK. Properties of concrete manufactured using steel slag [Internet]. Procedia Engineering. 2014;97:95–104.

- Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.proeng.2014.12.229>
19. Gupta P, Ariga P, Deogade SC. Effect of monopoly-coating agent on the surface roughness of a tissue conditioner subjected to cleansing and disinfection: A contact profilometric study. *Contemp Clin Dent*. 2018 Jun;9(Suppl 1):S122–6.
 20. Saravanan M, Arokiyaraj S, Lakshmi T, Pugazhendhi A. Synthesis of silver nanoparticles from *Phenerochaete chrysosporium* (MTCC-787) and their antibacterial activity against human pathogenic bacteria. *Microb Pathog*. 2018 Apr;117:68–72.
 21. Needhidasan S, Samuel M, Chidambaram R. Electronic waste - an emerging threat to the environment of urban India. *J Environ Health Sci Eng*. 2014 Jan 20;12(1):36.
 22. Periodontal health: a bigger role in geriatrics [Internet]. *European Journal of Molecular & Clinical Medicine*. 2020;7:1045–52. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.31838/ejmcm.07.09.107>
 23. Herbal Sources Used by The Public Against Infections [Internet]. *International Journal of Pharmaceutical Research*. 2020;12. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.31838/ijpr/2020.sp1.015>
 24. Wu S, Rajeshkumar S, Madasamy M, Mahendran V. Green synthesis of copper nanoparticles using *Cissus vitiginea* and its antioxidant and antibacterial activity against urinary tract infection pathogens [Internet]. *Artificial Cells, Nanomedicine, and Biotechnology*. 2020;48:1153–8. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/21691401.2020.1817053>
 25. Rajeshkumar S, Venkat Kumar S, Ramaiah A, Agarwal H, Lakshmi T, Roopan SM. Biosynthesis of zinc oxide nanoparticles using *Mangifera indica* leaves and evaluation of their antioxidant and cytotoxic properties in lung cancer (A549) cells [Internet]. *Enzyme and Microbial Technology*. 2018;117:91–5. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.enzmictec.2018.06.009>
 26. Kanchi S, Ahmed S. Green metal nanoparticles: Synthesis, characterization and their applications. John Wiley & Sons. 2018;720.
 27. Rajeshkumar S, Kumar SV, Ramaiah A, Agarwal H, Lakshmi T, Roopan SM. Biosynthesis of zinc oxide nanoparticles using *Mangifera indica* leaves and evaluation of their antioxidant and cytotoxic properties in lung cancer (A549) cells. *Enzyme Microb Technol*. 2018 Oct;117:91–5.
 28. Nandhini NT, Rajeshkumar S, Mythili S. The possible mechanism of eco-friendly synthesized nanoparticles on hazardous dyes degradation. *Biocatal Agric Biotechnol*. 2019 May 1;19:101138.
 29. Vairavel M, Devaraj E, Shanmugam R. An eco-friendly synthesis of *Enterococcus* sp.–mediated gold nanoparticle induces cytotoxicity in human colorectal cancer cells. *Environ Sci Pollut Res*. 2020 Mar 1;27(8):8166–75.
 30. Gomathi M, Prakasam A, Rajkumar PV, Rajeshkumar S, Chandrasekaran R, Anbarasan PM. Green synthesis of silver nanoparticles using *Gymnema sylvestre* leaf extract and evaluation of its antibacterial activity [Internet]. *South African Journal of Chemical Engineering*. 2020;32:1–4. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.sajce.2019.11.005>
 31. Rajasekaran S, Damodharan D, Gopal K, Rajesh Kumar B, De Pours MV. Collective influence of 1-decanol addition, injection pressure and EGR on diesel engine characteristics fueled with diesel/LDPE oil blends. *Fuel*. 2020 Oct 1;277:118166.
 32. Santhoshkumar J, Sowmya B, Venkat Kumar S, Rajeshkumar S. Toxicology evaluation and antidermatophytic activity of silver nanoparticles synthesized using leaf extract of *Passiflora caerulea*. *S Afr J Chem Eng*. 2019 Jul;29:17–23.
 33. Raj R K, D E, S R. β -Sitosterol-assisted silver nanoparticles activates Nrf2 and triggers mitochondrial apoptosis via oxidative stress in human hepatocellular cancer cell line. *J Biomed Mater Res A*. 2020 Sep;108(9):1899–908.
 34. Gheena S, Ezhilarasan D. Syringic acid triggers reactive oxygen species–mediated cytotoxicity in HepG2 cells. *Hum Exp Toxicol*. 2019 Jun 1;38(6):694–702.
 35. Ezhilarasan D, Sokal E, Najimi M. Hepatic fibrosis: It is time to go with hepatic stellate cell-specific therapeutic targets. *Hepatobiliary Pancreat Dis Int*. 2018 Jun;17(3):192–7.
 36. Ezhilarasan D. Oxidative stress is bane in chronic liver diseases: Clinical and experimental perspective. *Arab J*

- Gastroenterol. 2018 Jun;19(2):56–64.
37. Gomathi AC, Xavier Rajarathinam SR, Mohammed Sadiq A, Rajeshkumar S. Anticancer activity of silver nanoparticles synthesized using aqueous fruit shell extract of Tamarindus indica on MCF-7 human breast cancer cell line. J Drug Deliv Sci Technol. 2020 Feb 1;55:101376.
 38. Dua K, Wadhwa R, Singhvi G, Rapalli V, Shukla SD, Shastri MD, et al. The potential of siRNA based drug delivery in respiratory disorders: Recent advances and progress. Drug Dev Res. 2019 Sep;80(6):714–30.
 39. Ramesh A, Varghese S, Jayakumar ND, Malaiappan S. Comparative estimation of sulfiredoxin levels between chronic periodontitis and healthy patients - A case-control study. J Periodontol. 2018 Oct;89(10):1241–8.
 40. Arumugam P, George R, Jayaseelan VP. Aberrations of m6A regulators are associated with tumorigenesis and metastasis in head and neck squamous cell carcinoma. Arch Oral Biol. 2021 Feb;122:105030.
 41. Joseph B, Prasanth CS. Is photodynamic therapy a viable antiviral weapon against COVID-19 in dentistry? Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol. 2021 Jul;132(1):118–9.
 42. Ezhilarasan D, Apoorva VS, Ashok Vardhan N. Syzygium cumini extract induced reactive oxygen species-mediated apoptosis in human oral squamous carcinoma cells. J Oral Pathol Med. 2019 Feb;48(2):115–21.
 43. Duraisamy R, Krishnan CS, Ramasubramanian H, Sampathkumar J, Mariappan S, Navarasampatti Sivaprakasam A. Compatibility of nonoriginal abutments with implants: evaluation of microgap at the implant-abutment interface, with original and nonoriginal abutments. Implant Dent. 2019 Jun;28(3):289–95.
 44. Gnanavel V, Roopan SM, Rajeshkumar S. Aquaculture: An overview of chemical ecology of seaweeds (food species) in natural products. Aquaculture. 2019 May 30;507:1–6.
 45. Markov A, Thangavelu L, Aravindhan S, Zekiy AO, Jarahian M, Chartrand MS, et al. Mesenchymal stem/stromal cells as a valuable source for the treatment of immune-mediated disorders. Stem Cell Res Ther. 2021 Mar 18;12(1):192.
 46. Shankar SB, Barani Shankar S, Arivarasu L, Rajeshkumar S. Biosynthesis of hydroxy citric acid mediated zinc nanoparticles and its antioxidant and cytotoxic activity [Internet]. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020;108–12. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/jpri/2020/v32i2630845>
 47. Sivaraj R, Pattanathu K S, Rajiv P, Narendhran S, Venckatesh R. Biosynthesis and characterization of Acalypha indica mediated copper oxide nanoparticles and evaluation of its antimicrobial and anticancer activity [Internet]. Spectrochimica Acta Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy. 2014;129:255–8. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.saa.2014.03.027>
 48. M G, Gomathi M, Prakasam A, Rajkumar PV, Rajeshkumar S, Chandrasekaran R, et al. Phyllanthus reticulatus mediated synthesis and characterization of silver nanoparticles and its antibacterial activity against gram positive and gram negative pathogens [Internet]. Vol. 10, International Journal of Research in Pharmaceutical Sciences. 2019. p. 3099–106. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.26452/ijrps.v10i4.1603>
 49. Niveditha AS, Sankari Niveditha A, Geetha RV, Arivarasu L. Will Alternative Medicine Help Us to Fight Against COVID-19 [Internet]. International Journal of Current Research and Review. 2020. p. 112–6. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.31782/ijcrr.2020.sp47>
 50. Akash N, Arivarasu L, Rajeshkumar S. Anti-inflammatory and Antioxidant Potential of Hyaluronic Acid Mediated Zinc Nanoparticles [Internet]. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020. p. 33–7. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/jpri/2020/v32i2030727>
 51. Aathira CM, Arivarasu L, Rajeshkumar S. Antioxidant and Anti-Inflammatory Potential of Chromium Picolinate Mediated Zinc Oxide Nanoparticle [Internet]. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020. p. 118–21. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/jpri/2020/v32i1930717>
 52. Devaraj E, Roy A, Veeraragavan GR, Magesh A, Sleeba AV, Arivarasu L, et al. β -Sitosterol attenuates carbon tetrachloride-induced oxidative stress and chronic liver injury in rats [Internet]. Vol.

- 393, Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology. 2020. p. 1067–75. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00210-020-01810-8>
53. Mohammadi Z, Abbott PV. Antimicrobial substantivity of root canal irrigants and medicaments: A review [Internet]. Vol. 35, Australian Endodontic Journal. 2009. p. 131–9. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1747-4477.2009.00164.x>
 54. G S, Saurabh G, Komal S. Comparative characterization for antimicrobial activity and bioactive compounds present in leaf extract of *Ocimum sanctum* [Internet]. Journal of Food & Industrial Microbiology. 2018;03. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.4172/2572-4134.1000121>
 55. Kamath KA, Nasim I, Rajeshkumar S. Evaluation of the re-mineralization capacity of a gold nanoparticle-based dental varnish: An study. J Conserv Dent. 2020 Jul;23(4):390–4.
 56. Pushpaanjali G, Geetha RV, Lakshmi T. Knowledge and awareness about antibiotic usage and emerging drug resistance bacteria among dental students. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020 Aug 24;34–42.
 57. Aathira CM, Geetha RV, Lakshmi T. Knowledge and Awareness about the Mode of Transmission of Vector Borne Diseases among General Public. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020 Aug 24;87–96.
 58. Baskar K, Lakshmi T. Knowledge, attitude and practices regarding hpv vaccination among undergraduate and postgraduate dental students in Chennai. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020 Aug 25;95–100.
 59. Manya Suresh LT. Wound Healing Properties of Aloe Barbadensis Miller-In Vitro Assay. Journal of Complementary Medicine Research. 2020;11(5):30–4.
 60. First Report on Marine Actinobacterial Diversity around Madras Atomic Power Station (MAPS), India [Internet]. [cited 2021 Aug 31]. Available: <http://alinteridergisi.com/article/first-report-on-marine-actinobacterial-diversity-around-madras-atomic-power-station-maps-india/>
 61. Physicochemical Profile of Acacia Catechu Bark Extract – An in Vitro Stud - International Journal of Pharmaceutical and Phytopharmacological Research [Internet]. [cited 2021 Aug 31]. Available: <https://eijppr.com/article/physicochemical-profile-of-acacia-catechu-bark-extract-an-in-vitro-stud>
 62. Lakshmi T. Antifungal Activity of Ficus racemosa Ethanolic Extract against Dermatophytes-An in vitro Study. Journal of Research in Medical and Dental Science. 2021;9(2):191–3.
 63. Awareness of Drug Abuse among Teenagers - International Journal of Pharmaceutical and Phytopharmacological Research [Internet]. [cited 2021 Aug 31]. Available: <https://eijppr.com/article/awareness-of-drug-abuse-among-teenagers>
 64. Mangal CSK, Anitha R, Lakshmi T. Inhibition of Nitric oxide Production and Nitric oxide Synthase Gene Expression in LPS Activated RAW 264 .7 Macrophages by Thyme oleoresin from *Thymus vulgaris*. J Young Pharm. 2018;10(4):481.
 65. COX2 Inhibitory Activity of Abutilon Indicum - Pharmaceutical Research and Allied Sciences [Internet]. [cited 2021 Aug 31]. Available: <https://ijpras.com/article/cox2-inhibitory-activity-of-abutilon-indicum>
 66. Jibu RM, Geetha RV, Lakshmi T. Isolation, detection and molecular characterization of *Staphylococcus aureus* from postoperative infections. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020 Aug 24;63–7.
 67. Sindhu PK, Thangavelu L, Geetha RV, Rajeshkumar S, Raghunandhakumar S, Roy A. Anorectic drugs: an experimental and clinical perspective ♦A Review. Journal of Complementary Medicine Research. 2020;11(5):106–12.
 68. Nivethitha R, Thangavelu L, Geetha RV, Anitha R, Rajesh Kumar S, Raghunandhakumar S. In vitro anticancer effect of *Sesamum indicum* extract -. Journal of Complementary Medicine Research. 2020;11(5):99–105.
 69. Mariona P, Roy A, Lakshmi T. Survey on lifestyle and food habits of patients with PCOS and obesity. Journal of Complementary Medicine Research. 2020;11(5):93–8.
 70. S SK, Satheesha KS. In-Vitro Antibacterial Activity of Black Tea (*Camellia sinensis*) Mediated Zinc Oxide Nanoparticles Against Oral Pathogens [Internet]. Bioscience Biotechnology Research Communications. 2020;13:2077–80. Available: <http://dx.doi.org/10.21786/bbrc/1>

- 3.4/66
71. Rajeshkumar S, Malarkodi C, Al Farraj DA, Elshikh MS, Roopan SM. Employing sulphated polysaccharide (fucoidan) as medium for gold nanoparticles preparation and its anticancer study against HepG2 cell lines [Internet]. *Materials Today Communications*. 2021;26:101975. Available:<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.mtcomm.2020.101975>
72. Rajendran R, Kunjusankaran RN, Sandhya R, Anilkumar A, Santhosh R, Patil SR. Comparative evaluation of remineralizing potential of a paste containing bioactive glass and a topical cream containing casein phosphopeptide-amorphous calcium phosphate: An in vitro study. *Pesqui Bras Odontopediatria Clin Integr*. 2019 Mar 12;19(0):4668.
73. Kumar MS, Vamsi G, Sripriya R, Sehgal PK. Expression of matrix metalloproteinases (MMP-8 and -9) in chronic periodontitis patients with and without diabetes mellitus. *J Periodontol*. 2006 Nov;77(11):1803–8.

© 2021 Jayadharani et al.; This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0>), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.