

Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JPRI_82269
Title of the Manuscript:	Factors associated with delayed presentation among women with breast cancer
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<p>Compulsory REVISION comments The work presented presents similar data that is presented in emerging countries and should be published.</p>	<p>The stage at the time of diagnosis of breast cancer influences its prognosis; factors associated with delayed breast symptoms; by the patient, and her late diagnosis after the first consultation due to diagnostic delay or referral to cancer centers by the doctor is an important factor in the delay of diagnosis. Breast cancer awareness campaigns; It is also associated with the use of traditional medicine and a prolonged time interval between recognition of symptoms and confirmation of the diagnosis or delay in seeking medical attention by patients with breast cancer is associated with an advanced stage of the disease. at the time of presentation causes low survival rates.</p>	
<p>Minor REVISION comments</p>		
<p>Optional/General comments Factors associated with late diagnosis of breast cancer</p>	<p>More advanced stage and larger tumors affecting survival because of delay in seeking help for breast cancer symptoms or factors associated with late presentation of breast cancer are similar to those in emerging countries. Education in the general population should increase awareness of breast cancer symptoms and encourage women of all ages to present themselves in a timely manner. Women at risk of late presentation, with risk factors for breast cancer, without a history of mammography, could be identified at the first medical consultation. A significant number of patients presented late due to misconceptions and poor knowledge about the disease and its symptoms, illiteracy and low social status are the main factors contributing to late presentation, which resulted in advanced presentation of the disease with reduced survival rate.</p>	

PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<p>Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?</p>	<p><i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i></p>	

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