

## Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	<a href="#">Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International</a>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JPRI_79202
Title of the Manuscript:	Dydrogesterone Use in the Outpatient Department
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

### General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<https://www.journalpri.com/index.php/JPRI/editorial-policy>)

### PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<b>Compulsory</b> REVISION comments		
<b>Minor</b> REVISION comments		
<b>Optional/General</b> comments	<p>It is really an interesting article on the use of the Dydrogesterone in the outpatient clinic of a public hospital. But it seems to me that it is a very local study, carried out in a single hospital and in a very short period of time, which does not provide knowledge that can be generalised neither to the city of Alkharj nor to the country of Saudi Arabia, nor is the reasons analysed of the drug formulation, nor is an explanation given for the low frequency found in the study however the authors must specify in the case of use in the emergency department in which clinical situation it was used and in discussion, care should be taken when compare the results of your study that was only conducted in a hospital and for a period of 6 months. When comparing the results with those reported by Pang and Ma reported that progestogens were prescribed for 81,080 patients in China and by Ahmed NJ. In the obstetric gynaecological consultation, the latter were able to establish the percentage of Dydrogesterone formulation within said consultation, I believe the authors should also present their results as the percentage that the Dydrogesterone formulation represented in the gynaecology and obstetrician consultation of the hospital in Al Kharj.</p>	

### PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i>	

### Reviewer Details:

Name:	Jhon Carlos Castaño Osorio
Department, University & Country	Medicina Universidad del Quindío, Colombia