

## Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	<a href="#">Asian Journal of Medicine and Health</a>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJMAH_78998
Title of the Manuscript:	EFFECTS OF FORMALDEHYDE EXPOSURE ON HUMAN BODY – A REVIEW ARTICLE
Type of the Article	Review Article

### **General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<https://www.journalajmah.com/index.php/AJMAH/editorial-policy> )

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**PART 1: Review Comments**

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<p><b>Compulsory</b> REVISION comments</p>	<p><b>Abstract</b> Formaldehyde has a wide range of chronic toxicity effects affecting different cells, tissues and organs of the body including, but not limited to, neuronal, pulmonary, immunological, haematological, and reproductive systems. It leads to genetic and developmental disorders. It is also carcinogenic, nephrotoxic</p> <p><b>Keywords: should be reduced into 5 or 6 words</b> Also, Toxic; Toxicity the words repeated</p> <p><b>The abbreviation should be listed before the introduction as the text contain many like VOC, ALT, and NCB, etc.....</b></p> <p><b>7.5 Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity</b> But Duong et al. (2011) in their systematic review and meta-analysis, found evidence of an association between exposure to formaldehyde and reproductive and developmental toxicity. Their research involved both retrospective human population studies and <i>in vivo</i> animal experiments. These reproductive and developmental events may include spontaneous abortions, low birth weight, congenital abnormalities, premature births and stillbirths (Duong et al., 2011). The reference repeated twice in the paragraph, it should be removed from the end of the paragraph , the endocrine system associated with reproduction, pregnancy outcomes, altered growth or death (Chinedu et al., 2017; Wang et al., 2012). These can occur at any time in the life of the organism. The whole sentence should be reconstructed to be understood, the marked yellow sentence should be written before the reference</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>References</b> The author should revise carefully all the references in the bibliography to be sure that all present inside the text listed in the bibliography. Many references found inside the text like (Razi et al., 2013), Eishaer &amp; Mahmoud, 2017, (Inci et al., 2013), and Odiegwu et al. (2018) are not found in the bibliography Crawford, A.C. (Ed.) (2017). Principles of Biology. Ipswich, MA: Salem Press. The volume and number of pages should be mentioned</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Minor</b> REVISION comments</p>	<p>Abd-Elhakima et al., 2016; study was on mice (animal) and the title of the review was EFFECTS OF FORMALDEHYDE EXPOSURE ON HUMAN BODY – A REVIEW ARTICLE. So, the author should select the refences which deal with formaldehyde Haematotoxicity on human.</p>	

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<b>Optional/General</b> comments	The author had a good manner in writing the manuscript, and his best effort appeared inside the review in collection of recent references, however, he should revise the work carefully and correct the typographical errors to put his manuscript in the correct way.	
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### **PART 2:**

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i>	

### **Reviewer Details:**

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