

INVITRO ANTIOXIDANT AND ANTIBACTERIAL EFFECT OF *DODONAEA VISCOSA* LEAVES

ABSTRACT

Free radicals are the outstandingly responsive substances related with the pathophysiology of various diseases like malignant growth, irritation. On account of this there is a need to research substances with free extremist inhibitory potential or cell reinforcement impacts. The principle objective of the examination is to research the invitro cancer prevention agent movement of hydro alcoholic focus of *Dodonaeaviscosa* on various invitro models. The hydroalcoholic concentrate of *D.viscosa* was organized and presented to central phytochemical examination. The invitro cell reinforcement action of *D.viscosa* was surveyed using DPPH scavenging, decreasing power and nitric oxide fanatic looking inspect. Further, the antibacterial development of plant eliminate was evaluated using agar plate scattering and agar well spread strategy on various microorganisms. In this assessment, hydroalcoholic concentrate of *D.viscosa* showed fruitful restriction of free progressives in DPPH scrounging, diminishing power and nitric oxide looking through measures with an IC50 worth of 68.42, 36.88 and 100 µg/ml independently. The aggregate at various centre showed really look at antibacterial activity against the microorganism. Hydroalcoholic concentrate of *D.viscosa* is a possible wellspring of typical regular cell reinforcements and fills in as an effective free extreme scrounger.

Keywords: *Dodonaeaviscosa*, Free radicals, DPPH assay, Antibacterial

INTRODUCTION

Free radicals are significantly responsive iotas that contain something like one unpaired electron. They either give or take electrons from various particles attempting to join with their electrons and make all the more consistent species. Receptive oxygen species (ROS) are subordinates of oxygen [1] and are constantly conveyed in the body during various metabolic activities like high-impact breath and by various exogenous factors [2]. A piece of the open oxygen species expects a positive part in phagocytosis (oxygen burst), energy creation and rule of cell improvement, intra cell hailing thus forth. Notwithstanding, free revolutionaries made by sunlight, UV light, ionizing radiation, engineered reactions and metabolic cycle have a wide grouping of over-the-top impacts. Reactive oxygen species delivered in the living thing are by and large taken out or killed by a viable association of gatekeeper instrument in the body. Exactly when the game plan of these free extremists or responsive oxygen species outperforms the levels of defencing instrument, it prompts the damage of tissues, bio iotas and further, inciting disease conditions especially degenerative disorders, for instance, Aging, Diabetes, Arthritis, Carcinogenesis, and Cardio Vascular contaminations [3-6].

Cell reinforcements are critical substances that expect an essential part in deferring, impeding, and preventing oxidative reactions catalysed by free progressives and as such giving affirmation to individuals [7]. On account of this unprecedented limit there is an extended usage of cell fortifications for the harmony of responsive oxygen species. By and by a day, a huge part of the malignant growth anticipation specialists is created misleadingly. A couple of designed cell fortifications, for instance, Butylated hydroxyl anisole (BHA), Butylated hydroxyl toluene (BHT), Tertiary butylated hydroxyl quinone (TBHQ), and Gallic destructive esters are financially accessible. Such designed malignant growth counteraction specialists are known to have likely outcomes and have some degree of disease-causing nature when taken in vivo" [8-12]. From now on their use is being bound now-a-days. "Cancer prevention agent substances from plant materials are secured and end the action of free fanatics thusly protecting the existence structure from various ailments. Thus, an unprecedented interest to assess helpful plants for the presence of trademark cell fortifications has phenomenally extended.

Plant induced normal combinations, for instance, Flavonoids, Terpenes, Alkaloids, etc have gotten noteworthy thought of late on account of their pharmacological properties including Antioxidant, Antimicrobial and Anti-searing activities [13,14]. *Dodonaea viscosa* Leaves. (Sapindaceae) consistently known as 'virali' is an evergreen suffering bramble for the most part spread in Western Ghats and Tamilnadu. The legends ensure reveals that the leaves have been used for the treatment of cerebral agonies and spinal torments by the Muthuvan groups of the Kerala region. Bubbling water decoction of leaves is used to diminish swellings, spinal torments and steam internal breath is used to lessen cold. Further, in customary clinical practice *D. viscosa* is used to alleviate stomach torture, stacks and ulcer. Past assessments have reported the relieving, antimicrobial, neighbourhood calming and smooth muscle relaxing development of *D. viscosa* [15, 16]. Accordingly, the current assessment was intended to evaluate the cell support ability of Hydro alcoholic concentrate of *D. viscosa* on various invitro models.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

PLANT MATERIAL

The leaves of *D. viscosa* were accumulated in the month August 2019, from Trichy, Tamilnadu, India. The plant material was perceived and affirmed by the botanist. The plant materials were dried under cover, cut into little pieces, beat using a mechanical processor and went through 40 cross section strainer and set aside in an impermeable compartment for extra use.

EXTRACTION OF PLANT MATERIAL

The powdered leaves of *D. viscosa* were removed with hydro liquor at room temperature. Later complete extraction, the dissolvable was accumulated and isolated. The dissolvable was engaged under diminish strain at 50-55°C. The concentrated hydro liquor isolates were kept in desiccators for extra use.

QUALITATIVE PHYTOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS

The rough hydro alcoholic concentrate of *D. viscosa* leaves were analyzed for the presence of various phytoconstituents by keeping standard phytochemical conventions. The presence of alkaloid (Dragendorff reagent, Mayer's reagent, Hager's reagent and Wagner's reagent), flavonoids (Shinoda-Paw test), steroids (Lieberman Burchard test and Salkowski's reaction), terpenes (Vanillin sulfuric destructive reagent) and carbs (Fehling's test and Molisch test) were investigated.

INVITRO ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY

INVITRO ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY BY DPPH ASSAY

The searching movement for DPPH free extremists was assessed by the strategy portrayed by Braca et al., 2001. An aliquot of 3 ml of 0.004% DPPH course of action in ethanol and 0.1 ml of plant remove at various obsessions were mixed. The mix was shaken energetically and allowed to show up at a predictable state at room temperature for 30 min. Decolourization of DPPH was constrained by assessing the absorbance at 517 nm. A control was organized using 0.1 ml of individual vehicle in the spot of plant remove/ascorbic destructive. The rate prevention not really settled as $[(A_0-A_1)/A_0] \times 100$, where A_0 was the absorbance of the control, and A_1 was the absorbance of the plant extricate/ascorbic corrosive.

LESSENING POWER ASSAY

Various combinations of the plant separate in relating solvents were mixed in with phosphate pad (2.5 ml) and potassium ferricyanide (2.5 ml). This mix was kept at 50°C in water shower for 20 minutes. Resulting to cooling, 2.5 ml of 10% trichloro acidic destructive was added and centrifuged at 3000 rpm for 10 min whenever basic. The upper layer of game plan (2.5 ml) was mixed in with refined water (2.5 ml) and a recently coordinated ferric chloride course of action (0.5 ml). The absorbance was assessed at 700 nm. Control was set up in equivalent manner excepting tests. Supplement E at various obsessions was used as standard. Extended absorbance of the reaction mix shows extension in lessening power.

NITRIC OXIDE RADICAL SCAVENGING ASSAY

Sodium nitroprusside (5 mm) in standard phosphate pad saline (0.025 M, and pH 7.4) was agonized with various centralizations of concentrates, and chambers were brought forth at 29°C for 3 hrs. A control test without the test compounds anyway with a tantamount proportion of support was coordinated in an unclear manner. Later 3 hrs incubated models were debilitated with 1 ml of Griess reagent. The absorbance of the concealing made during diazotization of nitrite with sulphanilamide

and its following coupling with naphthyl ethylenediamine hydrochloride was seen at 550 nm on spectrophotometer. A comparable system was driven with ascorbic destructive which was standard interestingly, with test [8].

BACTERIAL CULTURES

Bacterial societies were gained from Microbial Type Culture Collection, Chandigarh, India. The microorganism used for the current assessment incorporate Staphylococcus aureus (MTCC 3160), Bacillus subtilis (MTCC441), Escherichia coli (MTCC40), Klebsiella pneumonia (MTCC3384), Pseudomonas aeruginosa (MTCC741), Proteus mirabilis, (MTCC425). All of the bacterial societies were kept up in supplement agar and set aside at 40C.

ARRANGEMENT OF INOCULUM

A couple of settlements were moved to sterile peptone water (5 ml) from the sub refined animal. The suspensions were mixed for 15 seconds to ensure homogeneity and in this manner debilitated to organize with the turbidity of a 0.5 McFarland standard (for instance OD = 0.12–0.15 at k = 530 nm, connecting with 1–5 x 10⁶ CFU/ml). The antimicrobial measure was performed by two techniques viz. agar plate scattering system and agar well scattering procedure. Mueller Hinton agar (MHA) was set up in plates as the media for test tiny living beings. The bacterial inoculum was spread even-handedly outwardly of the MHA plates utilizing a disinfected q-tip.

For agar plate dispersion strategy, sterile channel paper circles (6mm) were inundated with different combinations of the test compound, allowed to dry and introduced on the upper layer of the developed agar plate. For agar well scattering method, an overall was set up in the plates with the help of a fitting drill (0.6cm). 100 µl of the test compound was brought into the well. The plates were incubated until further notice at 37°C For each bacterial strain controls were kept up where pure solvents were used rather than the concentrate. Clean refined water filled in as awful control. The result was gotten by assessing the zone distance across. The examination was done triple and the mean characteristics are presented.

RESULTS

In this examination, *D. viscosa* roused strong hydrogen giving limit with an IC₅₀ worth of 66.42 µg/ml in the DPPH free progressive scavenging analyze. The results were showed up in table 1. *D. viscosa* motivated strong nitric oxide looking through development with an IC₅₀ worth of 32.88 µg/ml. The results were showed up in table 2. In this assessment, the reducing power of *D. viscosa* increases with a development in the concentration. The *D. viscosa* showed most outrageous development at the centralization of 100 µg/ml. In this examination the antibacterial development of the plant removes were evaluated by agar plate spread procedure and agar well scattering system. The assemble at various center showed stepped antibacterial activity against the microorganism used in the examination. The results were showed up in table 4 and 5.

Table 1: Invitro DPPH radical scavenging effect of *D. viscosa*

Concentration (µg/ml)	Percentage Inhibition	
	Vitamin C	<i>D. viscosa</i>
10	9.7 ±0.98	8.76±0.65
20	18.9±0.92	18.76± 0.80
40	33.4±0.85	32.86±0.69
80	67.7±0.92	65.54±1.17
100	84.2±1.02	78.54±1.29
IC ₅₀ (µg/ml)	61.47	68.42

Invitro nitric scavenging *viscosa*

Microorganism	<i>D. viscosa</i> extract concentration (µg/ml)			
	20	40	80	100
S. aureus	22	25	29	34
B. subtilis	16	19	23	29
E. coli	18	23	25	33
K. pneumonia	13	16	18	23
P. aeruginosa	12	19	21	25
P. mirabilis	11	13	16	21
	80	82.14±0.92	78.76±0.87	
	100	95.56± 0.95	86.21±1.21	
IC₅₀ (µg/ml)		12.54	36.88	

Table 2: oxide effect of *D.*

reducing power *D. viscosa* extract

Concentration (µg/ml)	Absorbance	
	Vitamin E	<i>D. viscosa</i>
10	0.40±0.02	0.24±0.01
20	0.50±0.05	0.35±0.04
40	0.68±0.07	0.72±0.08
80	1.02±0.08	1.0±0.07
100	1.78±0.07	1.72±0.1

Table 3: Invitro ability of

Table 4: Antibacterial activity of *D. viscosa* extract by disc diffusion method

Microorganism	<i>D. viscosa</i> extract concentration (µg/ml)			
	20	40	80	100
S. aureus	24	26	29	33
B. subtilis	16	19	20	29
E. coli	20	23	27	35
K. pneumonia	15	19	22	27
P. aeruginosa	12	14	19	25
P. mirabilis	11	12	17	24

Table 5: Antibacterial activity of *D. viscosa* extract by well diffusion method

RESULT & DISCUSSION

Free extremists arrange an imperative job in the movement of tissue decimation and distinctive masochist events like developing [1], cancers, disturbance and neuro degenerative ailments [2]. The malignant growth counteraction specialist ability of helpful plants and its phytoconstituents which inspires free outrageous smothering potential gets authentic thought for control of oxidative strain and in this manner gets cells and organs [3,4].

The exceptionally responsive DPPH fanatic is routinely used for the appraisal of cell support has been used for the most part for the affirmation of fundamental malignant growth anticipation specialist potential. DPPH is the compound which has proton free radical with unequivocal maintenance region and lessens effectively when uncovered proton free outrageous inhibitors. The DPPH reaction is seen by absorbance decrease at 517nm by the cell support compounds. The DPPH obstruction measure is depending upon the idea of the decolourization of stable DPPH progressive by the action of cell fortifications. The reaction is the difference in responsive DPPH radical to 1, 1-diphenyl-2-picryl hydrazine within the sight of cancer prevention agents.

The DPPH extremist searching ability of cell reinforcements is in a general sense in light of their ability to give hydrogen. Further, the cell support limit of helpful plants has positive association with gathering of phenolic compound present in the concentrates. In the momentum examination, *D.viscosa* separate showed effective limitation of DPPH free fanatic, and thusly exhibits the reaction between plant concentrates and progressive age, which prompts progressive looking by giving the hydrogen molecule.

Lessening power test shows the reducing limit of the malignant growth counteraction specialists by giving electrons and helps the decline of Fe^{3+} ferricyanide complex to the ferrous (Fe^{2+}) particles, and thusly shapes a blue green shaded which is assessed at 700nm and looks at to the Fe^{2+} aggregate in the reaction blend. The current examination shows the effect of *D.viscosa* concentrates to reduce the ferric to ferrous particles. The lessening capacity of plant isolates are essentially a direct result of nature of decreases and their effects is a result of free outrageous chain end by giving hydrogen atom and besides reacts with peroxide heralds and diminishes the peroxidation cooperation [5].

Nitric oxide (NO) is an irreplaceable compound go between conveyed from macrophages, endothelial cells, brain and controls the wide extent of natural cycle. Extended level of NO is seen in various hypochondriac conditions. The age of NO in normal tissues is interceded nitric oxide synthase (NOS) which catalyses the difference in arginine to citrulline and NO through five carbon metabolic oxidative pathway [7].

The conveyed NO impacts influences organs and changes its fundamental and valuable breaking point. NO scavenging potential is evaluated by the diminishing in absorbance at the extent of 550 nm actuated by free outrageous scroungers. For evaluating the cell support feasibility of plant eliminates by NO scrounging the change of absorbance of NO is recorded. Nitric oxide fanatic is delivered when it reacts with oxygen or superoxide, to outline NO_2 , N_2O_4 , N_3O_4 , NO_3 and NO_2 which are incredibly open. These responsive radicals make a state of oxidative strain and mischief the organs [8].

In the current examination the *D.viscosa* eliminate showed convincing nitric oxide scavenging due to its cell support potential. The disease avoidance specialist development of *D.viscosa* is primarily a direct result of the presence of flavonoids, for instance, quercetin, rut in and myricetin. Mounting looks at shows that Gram positive microorganisms are feebler against plant eliminates as that of the Gram-negative organisms [17,18]. The present circumstance is a direct result of that the cell mass of Gram-positive microorganisms is single layer and Gram-negative cell divider is perplexing development [19]. Past examinations show the antibacterial development of *D.viscosa* using bio autography system [20].

CONCLUSION

The current assessment certifies the cell reinforcement capacity of *D.viscosa* plant remove in various invitro models. Further, phytochemical and isolation examine are significantly legitimized to find the phytoconstituents liable for cell support development. Further, the examination consequently uncovers the practicality of *D.viscosa* eliminate against pathogenic organisms causing distinctive human infections.

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