

## Review of "Deterministic and Stochastic Nonlinear Schistosomiasis Model with Delay and Vaccination"

This paper aims to study a mathematical model dealing with the Schistosomiasis. The authors introduce a deterministic SIR delay model with vaccination, capturing parasite dynamics in both humans and molluscs. By modifying coefficients, they develop a stochastic SIR model with vaccination and delay, expanding control options.

It's an interesting work with cumbersome calculations and I have some comments.

1. The quantity  $\lambda_i \Lambda_i$ ,  $i \in \{1, 2\}$  is interpreted as the transfer of individuals from S to R (i.e. the vaccinated individuals), where  $\lambda$  refers to the percentage of the vaccinated population... I would like to understand why you didn't chose to work with  $\lambda_i S_i$  instead?
2. In page 9,  $\mathcal{V}$  is not correct since it doesn't checks the fourth condition (A4) from "P Van den Driessche and James Watmough, Further notes on the basic reproduction number, Mathematical epidemiology, Springer, 2008, pp. 159–178. ", and since  $X' = \mathcal{F} - \mathcal{V}$ , so  $\mathcal{V}$  should excludes the sign  $-$  in your form.
3. Once  $R_0$  is expressed as a square root, it has been mentioned in the vast literature that the biological interpretation is lost. Could you, please, add more details or a reference on the interpretation of  $R_0$  when you say it's a geometric mean?
4. On page 11, (EE) is the **positif solution** obtained by solving  $d(X(t)) = 0$ . (You should precise the bold text.
5. The two sentences at the beginning of page 12 could be removed; it's obvious from (2.6) that  $I_1^* = 0 \Rightarrow$  DFE, we focus on the quadratic polynomial.
6. On page 13, Could you change the notation of the eigenvalue  $\lambda$  in  $\det(J_F(E^0) - \lambda I_8)$ ? it's confusing with  $\lambda_i$ .
7. In the proof of Theorem 2.4, could you be more explicit on why you want to obtain  $(\mu_3 + a)^2 + b^2 \leq \mu_3^2$ ?