

Alzheimer's Repairs through the Role of Ketogenic Diet

Abstract:

Alzheimer's disorder is a devastating neurodegenerative ailment characterized by cognitive decline and reminiscence loss. As the look for powerful treatments continues, researchers have begun investigating the ability of the ketogenic food regimen to manage the signs and symptoms and development of the disease. The ketogenic eating regimen, a low-carbohydrate, high-fat dietary approach, promotes the manufacturing of ketones as an alternative strength supply for the brain. This article affords an overview of the position of the ketogenic weight-reduction plan in Alzheimer's disease and explores its capacity to repair and improve cognitive function in affected people. We discuss the mechanisms behind the ketogenic eating regimen's impact on mind electricity optimization, neuroprotection, insulin sensitivity, and metabolic health. While the ketogenic weight loss program shows promise, its limitations and issues also are discussed, consisting of challenges of adherence and long-term sustainability, ability dietary imbalances, and personal versions. In addition, research is needed to completely apprehend the therapeutic capability of the ketogenic food regimen in Alzheimer's disease and to decide its most fulfilling implementation as part of a comprehensive treatment approach. Alzheimer's disorder (AD) is a progressive neurodegenerative ailment characterized by cognitive decline, memory loss, and impaired everyday functioning. Currently, there's no treatment for the advert, and available remedy options are limited in their efficacy. However, rising proof shows that the ketogenic eating regimen (KD), an excessive-fats, low-carbohydrate dietary technique, may preserve the ability to manage advert or even sell neuronal repair. The metabolic disorder discovered in ad brains, inclusive of decreased glucose metabolism and impaired mitochondrial function, has led researchers to explore opportunities for electricity resources for brain cells. The KD induces a metabolic kingdom called ketosis, where the frame normally relies on ketone our bodies derived from fats as its most important fuel supply. Ketones provide a greater efficient electricity supply to the brain, bypassing the impaired glucose metabolism in advert patients. Research utilizing animal models and early human trials have validated that the KD exerts numerous useful outcomes on advert pathology. Those outcomes include lowering amyloid-beta ($A\beta$) plaque accumulation, mitigating neuroinflammation, improving mitochondrial characteristics, and promoting the manufacturing of mind-derived neurotrophic component (BDNF), a protein crucial for neuronal increase and survival. Additionally, the KD has been proven to enhance cognitive characteristics and memory in ad sufferers, although further research is wanted to set up its lengthy-term outcomes and protection.

Keywords:

Alzheimer, Inflammation, Metabolic, Ketogenic Diet (KD), Neurodegenerative Disorder, Cognitive, Neuro inflammation, Mechanisms, Therapeutic

Introduction:

Alzheimer's sickness poses a full-size worldwide health project, with its debilitating consequences on cognition and memory. As traditional treatments fall brief, researchers are increasingly turning to opportunity techniques to control and potentially repair the harm as a result of this neurodegenerative ailment [1]. One such technique gaining interest is the ketogenic food plan. In this article, we will delve into the function of the ketogenic eating regimen in repairing Alzheimer's disorder, examining its capacity advantages, underlying mechanisms, and avenues for further exploration. Alzheimer's sickness (advert) is

a devastating neurodegenerative ailment that influences millions of humans globally. It is characterized by way of innovative cognitive decline, memory loss, and a decline in day-by-day functioning [2]. Currently, there's no treatment for the advert, and to be had treatments only provide temporary symptomatic comfort. Therefore, there's a crucial want for novel healing methods that concentrate on the underlying mechanisms of the sickness and sell neuronal restoration [3]. In recent years, the role of weight loss programs in neurodegenerative sicknesses has won growing attention. One nutritional approach that has proven promise in various neurological disorders, which includes advert, is the ketogenic eating regimen (KD). The KD is a high-fat, low-carbohydrate weight loss plan that induces a metabolic kingdom called ketosis, in which the frame utilizes ketone bodies as its number one electricity supply. The metabolic alterations located in advert brains, along with reduced glucose metabolism and impaired mitochondrial features, have sparked interest in exploring alternative energy assets [4]. Ketones produced all through ketosis provide a capacity opportunity for glucose as a strength substrate for brain cells [5]. Emerging evidence indicates that the KD won't simplest provide an extra efficient gasoline supply but also exert neuroprotective and neuro-repairing effects in the context of advert [6] The goal of this article is to discover the position of the ketogenic eating regimen in repairing Alzheimer's-related harm and potentially slowing down disease development [7]. We can observe the underlying mechanisms with the aid of which the KD influences pathology, which includes its outcomes on amyloid-beta plaque accumulation, neuroinflammation, mitochondrial function, and neuronal plasticity. Furthermore, we can evaluate relevant animal studies and early human trials that have investigated the healing capacity of the KD in advert [8]. Information on the potential blessings of the ketogenic diet in Alzheimer's ailment ought to have profound implications for the improvement of non-pharmacological treatment strategies [9]. Utilizing concentrated on the metabolic disorder and promoting neuronal restoration, the KD can improve cognitive function, decorate quality of existence, and offer a miles-wanted breakthrough in advert control [10] However, similar research, along with larger scientific trials and mechanistic research, is necessary to fully comprehend the healing mechanisms, optimize the weight loss plan's composition, and address ability demanding situations associated with its implementation. Standard, investigating the reparative function of the ketogenic eating regimen in Alzheimer's sickness is a promising street that could potentially revolutionize the way we technique the treatment and control of this devastating neurodegenerative ailment [11].

The Ketogenic Diet and Alzheimer's Disease:

The ketogenic weight loss program is an excessive-fats, low-carbohydrate nutritional method that shifts the frame's metabolism right into a nation of ketosis [12]. In this country, the body on the whole is based on ketone bodies derived from fat as its most important supply of electricity, instead of glucose. Whilst to begin with advanced as a remedy for epilepsy, researchers have now turned their interest to its ability benefits in neurodegenerative illnesses, such as AD [13].

Metabolic Dysfunction and Alternative Fuel Sources:

Metabolic disorder is an indicator of AD, characterized by using impaired glucose metabolism and compromised mitochondrial features within the mind [14]. The ketogenic food plan offers an opportunity for an energy supply that may skip these deficiencies. Ketones are effectively utilized by brain cells, imparting a strong and efficient gas delivery. By utilizing ketones, the brain can potentially atone for the impaired glucose metabolism seen in an advert, leading to progressed energy production and normal neuronal function.

Amyloid-Beta Plaque Accumulation:

One of the key pathological features of AD is the accumulation of amyloid-beta ($A\beta$) plaques in the brain. These plaques disrupt neuronal communication and contribute to neuroinflammation and oxidative stress. Studies have shown that the ketogenic diet may reduce $A\beta$ plaque formation and accumulation, potentially slowing down disease progression and providing a platform for neuronal repair [15].

Neuroinflammation and Mitochondrial Function:

Neuroinflammation is an outstanding characteristic of AD, contributing to the destruction of neurons and further exacerbating cognitive decline [16]. The ketogenic eating regimen has been shown to possess anti-inflammatory properties, reducing the activation of inflammatory pathways in the brain. Moreover, the KD improves mitochondrial features, which is crucial for cellular electricity production and neuronal fitness. Via reducing neuroinflammation and enhancing mitochondrial characteristics, the KD creates surroundings conducive to neuronal restoration [17].

Neuronal Plasticity and Cognitive Function:

Neuronal plasticity, the brain's capacity to adapt and reorganize itself, is essential for learning and reminiscence. AD disrupts this procedure, leading to cognitive decline [18]. The ketogenic food plan has been proven to sell neuronal plasticity by increasing the production of brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF), a protein critical for neuronal growth and survival. Animal studies and early human trials have verified upgrades in cognitive features and memory in individuals with AD following a ketogenic weight loss program [19].

Understanding Alzheimer's disease:

Alzheimer's disorder is characterized by way of the buildup of beta-amyloid plaques and tau tangles inside the brain, main to the degeneration of neurons and subsequent cognitive decline. The brain's impaired capacity to make use of glucose for energy contributes to this degeneration. But, recent studies have recommended that opportunity fuel sources, which include ketones derived from the ketogenic food plan, may keep the important thing to repairing Alzheimer's-related harm [20]

The Ketogenic Diet:

The ketogenic diet is a low-carbohydrate, slight-protein, and high-fat weight-reduction plan that induces a metabolic kingdom known as ketosis. In this kingdom, the body produces ketones as an alternative energy supply, typically derived from the breakdown of fats. By lowering carbohydrate consumption and increasing fat consumption, the ketogenic weight loss program encourages the frame to make use of ketones as its number one fuel source [21].

Repairing Alzheimer's Through the Ketogenic Diet:

More advantageous brain energy: The ketogenic weight loss plan provides the right alternative fuel source for the brain, as ketones can skip the impaired glucose metabolism determined in Alzheimer's ailment [22]. By way of imparting the brain with a more efficient and conveniently available power source, the eating regimen can also support the repair of damaged neurons and improve cognitive function [23].

Neuroprotective Effects: Ketones generated via the ketogenic weight loss plan have proven neuroprotective properties. They lessen oxidative stress, inflammation, and the production of free

radicals, all of which contribute to the development of Alzheimer's disorder. These effects may additionally assist in slowing down the degeneration of mind cells, imparting surroundings conducive to restoration [24].

Metabolic and Hormonal Regulation: The ketogenic weight-reduction plan has been shown to modify metabolic pathways and hormonal signaling, potentially impacting the development of Alzheimer's sickness. By way of improving insulin sensitivity and lowering insulin resistance, the weight loss program may additionally mitigate underlying factors that contribute to the sickness's development and development [25].

Anti-Inflammatory Effects: Continual irritation is a hallmark of Alzheimer's disease, contributing to neuronal damage. The ketogenic food plan has been related to a discount in inflammation markers, suggesting an ability anti-inflammatory impact. By addressing the inflammatory aspect, the weight loss plan may additionally guide the repair of damaged neural tissue [26].

Future Directions and Considerations:

At the same time as the capacity of the ketogenic weight loss program in repairing Alzheimer's ailment is promising, further studies are vital to elucidate its outcomes and establish the most suitable hints for implementation [27]. Concerns encompass customized dietary tactics, lengthy-term sustainability, nutritional balance, and capability interactions with medicine. Collaboration between researchers, clinicians, and people with Alzheimer's disease might be essential in refining the function of the ketogenic food plan in repairing and handling this complex situation.

Metabolic alterations and opportunity gasoline resources:

Ad is related to metabolic disorder inside the brain, characterized by reduced glucose metabolism and impaired mitochondrial function. The ketogenic weight loss program induces a metabolic state known as ketosis, wherein the frame primarily is predicated on ketone bodies derived from fats as its number one source of energy. By bypassing, the compromised glucose metabolism in the advert, the ketogenic eating regimen affords an alternative fuel supply that may doubtlessly decorate strength production and neuronal features [28].

Amyloid-Beta Plaque Accumulation:

One of the hallmarks of the advert is the buildup of amyloid-beta ($A\beta$) plaques, which disrupt neuronal conversation and contribute to neuroinflammation and oxidative strain. Research shows that the ketogenic diet may also have a beneficial impact on reducing $A\beta$ plaque formation and accumulation. Animal studies have shown that KD can decrease $A\beta$ manufacturing and promote its clearance from the brain, doubtlessly slowing down ailment development and developing good surroundings for neuronal restoration [29].

Neuroinflammation and Oxidative Stress:

Neuroinflammation and oxidative strain play essential roles in ad pathogenesis. The ketogenic food plan has been located to possess anti-inflammatory homes, dampening the activation of inflammatory pathways inside the brain. Moreover, the KD can mitigate oxidative stress by reducing the production of reactive oxygen species and improving antioxidant defenses. With the aid of addressing these negative elements, the ketogenic food regimen can also assist in alleviating neuroinflammation and protecting neurons from oxidative damage, thereby promoting restoration mechanisms inside the brain [30].

Mitochondrial Function and Energy Metabolism:

Impaired mitochondrial feature is a hallmark of AD and contributes to neuronal disorder and degeneration. The ketogenic weight loss program has been proven to enhance mitochondrial biogenesis, increase mitochondrial performance, and enhance cellular power metabolism. By bolstering mitochondrial features, the KD can beautify cell electricity manufacturing and offer neurons the necessary strength assets for restoration and maintenance [31].

Neuronal Plasticity and Cognitive Function:

Neuronal plasticity, the brain's potential to reorganize and form new connections, is important for learning, reminiscence, and cognitive function. Ad disrupts neuronal plasticity, leading to cognitive decline. Preclinical studies have demonstrated that the ketogenic weight loss plan promotes neuronal plasticity through growing the production of brain-derived neurotrophic element (BDNF), a protein essential for neuronal growth, survival, and synaptic plasticity. Stepped-forward cognitive features and reminiscence have been discovered in animal models and early human trials of advert patients following a ketogenic food regimen [32].

Challenges and Future Directions:

While the capability blessings of the ketogenic food plan in repairing Alzheimer's associated harm are promising, several challenges remain. The most appropriate nutritional composition, duration, and lengthy-time period results of the KD need to be determined through further research and well-designed medical trials. Adherence to the ketogenic diet can also be challenging for individuals, necessitating personalized procedures and ongoing support. Additionally, it's miles essential to make sure the protection and capacity aspect effects of lengthy-term adherence to the KD [33].

Metabolic Resurgence: Fueling the Brain with Ketones

Ad is related to profound metabolic dysregulation, such as impaired glucose metabolism and mitochondrial dysfunction inside the brain. The ketogenic diet, which involves high-fat, low-carbohydrate, and mild-protein consumption, induces a metabolic nation called ketosis. In ketosis, the frame primarily is predicated on ketone our bodies derived from fat as an opportunity gasoline source. This shift allows the brain to efficiently make use of ketones, bypassing the compromised glucose metabolism in the ad and selling neuronal power manufacturing and repair [34].

Clearing the Path: Reducing Amyloid-Beta Plaque Accumulation

Amyloid-beta ($A\beta$) plaques, a hallmark of ad, disrupt ordinary neuronal conversation, trigger neuroinflammation, and contribute to oxidative pressure. Emerging evidence indicates that the ketogenic weight loss program can also lessen $A\beta$ plaque formation and accumulation. Animal research has confirmed that the KD can lower $A\beta$ production, beautify its clearance, and ameliorate associated neuroinflammatory responses. Via mitigating plaque burden, the ketogenic weight-reduction plan may also gradual down sickness progression and foster surroundings conducive to neuronal restoration [35].

Taming the Flames: Alleviating Neuroinflammation and Oxidative Stress

Neuroinflammation and oxidative strain play pivotal roles in the pathogenesis of advert, accelerating neuronal damage and cognitive decline. The ketogenic weight loss plan exhibits anti-inflammatory houses, suppressing the activation of inflammatory pathways inside the brain. Moreover, the KD mitigates oxidative stress by reducing the manufacturing of reactive oxygen species and bolstering antioxidant defenses. By way of curbing these damaging procedures, the ketogenic diet holds the ability to alleviate

neuroinflammation, protect neurons from oxidative harm, and facilitate repair mechanisms inside the mind [36].

Powering Revitalization: Enhancing Mitochondrial Function and Energy Metabolism

Impaired mitochondrial characteristic contributes to neuronal disorder and degeneration in AD. Remarkably, the ketogenic eating regimen has been shown to beautify mitochondrial biogenesis, optimize mitochondrial performance, and improve cell power metabolism. By way of bolstering mitochondrial features, the KD provides neurons with a strong energy delivery, selling cell restoration, and helping top-quality mind function [37].

Unlocking Cognitive Resilience: Promoting Neuronal Plasticity and Cognitive Function

Neuronal plasticity, the mind's capacity to rewire and shape new connections, is critical for learning, memory, and cognitive characteristics [38]. Ad disrupts this procedure, leading to cognitive decline. Preclinical research and early human trials have discovered that the ketogenic food plan promotes neuronal plasticity with the aid of growing the manufacturing of brain-derived neurotrophic component (BDNF), a protein essential for neuronal boom, survival, and synaptic plasticity. Advanced cognitive features and memory have been discovered in animal fashions and people with advert who adhere to a ketogenic eating regimen [39].

Moving Forward: Challenges and Future Prospects

While the potential benefits of the ketogenic diet for repairing Alzheimer-related damage are promising, several challenges lie ahead. Further research, including large-scale clinical trials, is essential to validate and optimize the therapeutic effects of the KD.

Conclusion:

The position of the ketogenic weight-reduction plan in repairing Alzheimer related harm holds super promise. Via providing an alternative energy source, decreasing amyloid-beta plaques, mitigating neuroinflammation, and enhancing neuronal plasticity, the KD offers a multifaceted method to tackling the underlying mechanisms of AD. However, in addition, research, such as huge-scale scientific trials, is needed to completely recognize the lengthy-time period outcomes, surest composition, and demanding situations associated with enforcing the ketogenic weight loss program as a healing intervention for the advert. If a success, the ketogenic weight-reduction plan may want to revolutionize the manner we approach Alzheimer's disease, offering a secure and powerful method for repairing neuronal damage, keeping cognitive function, and improving the best of existence for people laid low with this devastating situation. As the look for effective Alzheimer's treatments continues, the position of the ketogenic weight-reduction plan in repairing the damage as a result of the ailment is an exciting area of exploration. By supplying an alternative electricity source, exerting neuroprotective results, regulating metabolism, and lowering infection, the ketogenic food regimen offers a capability road for repairing Alzheimer's associated damage. Whilst more studies are needed, this dietary technique holds promise and can make contributions to the development of complete treatment techniques for Alzheimer's ailment in destiny. The ketogenic weight-reduction plan represents a promising non-pharmacological technique for repairing Alzheimer 's-related harm and potentially slowing down disorder development. Addressing metabolic dysfunction, decreasing amyloid-beta plaque accumulation, mitigating, the function of the ketogenic weight loss plan in repairing Alzheimer's associated harm holds colossal promise and has sparked enormous interest in the scientific

network. With the aid of addressing metabolic disorder, lowering amyloid-beta plaque accumulation, mitigating neuroinflammation, improving mitochondrial characteristics, and promoting neuronal plasticity, the ketogenic eating regimen presents a multifaceted technique for combating Alzheimer's sickness. Even as the contemporary body of research is encouraging, further research, which includes larger medical trials, is vital to validate the therapeutic potential of the ketogenic weight loss plan for Alzheimer's disease. These trials need to inspect the best nutritional compositions, duration, and lengthy-time period effects, as well as cope with demanding situations related to adherence and potential aspect effects. Similarly, it's miles essential to not forget the individualized nature of the ad and the ability versions in response to the ketogenic food plan amongst patients. Factors consisting of sickness level, genetic predisposition, and comorbidities may additionally impact the effectiveness of the weight loss plan. Consequently, personalized processes and ongoing tracking are critical to maximize the advantages of the ketogenic food plan for every affected person. Furthermore, the underlying mechanisms through which the ketogenic weight-reduction plan mediates its reparative consequences in Alzheimer's sickness warrant in addition exploration. A higher know-how of those mechanisms will now not only deepen our understanding of the sickness but also tell the development of focused healing techniques that harness the benefits of the ketogenic weight loss plan in a more precise and powerful manner. The potential effect of the ketogenic eating regimen on Alzheimer's sickness extends beyond symptom control. If successful, it may offer a groundbreaking non-pharmacological approach to restore neuronal damage, keep cognitive function, and enhance the first-class of lifestyles for individuals tormented by this devastating condition. In the end, at the same time as the ketogenic food plan isn't always a therapy for Alzheimer's disease, it offers a promising street for repairing the damage resulting from the sickness and probably slowing down its progression. By addressing metabolic disorders, decreasing pathological features, and selling neuronal repair, the ketogenic weight loss plan holds super ability to improve the lives of those residing with Alzheimer's ailment. Endured studies, scientific trials, and personalized methods can be instrumental in harnessing the whole therapeutic ability of the ketogenic weight-reduction plan and shaping future remedy techniques for Alzheimer's ailment. Euro inflammation, enhancing mitochondrial characteristics, and selling.

References

- Broom GM, Shaw IC, Rucklidge JJ. The ketogenic diet is a potential treatment and prevention strategy for Alzheimer's disease. *Nutrition*. 2019 Apr 1;60:118-21.
- Yang Y, Wang X, Xiao A, Han J, Wang Z, Wen M. Ketogenic diet prevents chronic sleep deprivation-induced Alzheimer's disease by inhibiting iron dyshomeostasis and promoting repair via Sirt1/Nrf2 pathway. *Frontiers in aging neuroscience*. 2022 Sep 1;14:998292.
- Morrill SJ, Gibas KJ. Ketogenic diet rescues cognition in ApoE4+ patient with mild Alzheimer's disease: a case study. *Diabetes & Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research & Reviews*. 2019 Mar 1;13(2):1187-91.
- Taylor MK, Sullivan DK, Mahnken JD, Burns JM, Swerdlow RH. Feasibility and efficacy data from a ketogenic diet intervention in Alzheimer's disease. *Alzheimer's & Dementia: Translational Research & Clinical Interventions*. 2018 Jan 1;4:28-36.
- Rusek M, Pluta R, Ułamek-Kozioł M, Czuczwar SJ. Ketogenic diet in Alzheimer's disease. *International journal of molecular sciences*. 2019 Jan;20(16):3892.

- Pinto A, Bonucci A, Maggi E, Corsi M, Businaro R. Anti-oxidant and anti-inflammatory activity of ketogenic diet: new perspectives for neuroprotection in Alzheimer's disease. *Antioxidants*. 2018 Apr 28;7(5):63.
- de la Rubia Ortí JE, Fernández D, Platero F, García-Pardo MP. Can the ketogenic diet improve Alzheimer's disease? Association with anxiety, depression, and glutamate system. *Frontiers in Nutrition*. 2021 Oct 27;8:744398.
- Ota M, Matsuo J, Ishida I, Takano H, Yokoi Y, Hori H, Yoshida S, Ashida K, Nakamura K, Takahashi T, Kunugi H. Effects of a medium-chain triglyceride-based ketogenic formula on cognitive function in patients with mild-to-moderate Alzheimer's disease. *Neuroscience letters*. 2019 Jan 18;690:232-6.
- Seneff S, Wainwright G, Mascitelli L. Nutrition and Alzheimer's disease: the detrimental role of a high carbohydrate diet. *European Journal of Internal Medicine*. 2011 Apr 1;22(2):134-40.
- Brinkley, T.E., Leng, I., Register, T.C., Neth, B.J., Zetterberg, H., Blennow, K. and Craft, S., 2022. Changes in adiposity and cerebrospinal fluid biomarkers following a modified Mediterranean ketogenic diet in older adults at risk for Alzheimer's disease. *Frontiers in Neuroscience*, 16, p.906539.
- Horner, S., Berger, L. and Gibas, K., 2020. Nutritional Ketosis and photobiomodulation remediate mitochondria warding off Alzheimer's disease in a diabetic, ApoE4+ patient with mild cognitive impairment: A case report. *Photodiagnosis and photodynamic therapy*, 30, p.101777.
- Hertz, L., Chen, Y. and Waagepetersen, H.S., 2015. Effects of ketone bodies in Alzheimer's disease about neural hypometabolism, β - amyloid toxicity, and astrocyte function. *Journal of Neurochemistry*, 134(1), pp.7-20.
- Perez Ortiz, J.M. and Swerdlow, R.H., 2019. Mitochondrial dysfunction in Alzheimer's disease: Role in pathogenesis and novel therapeutic opportunities. *British Journal of Pharmacology*, 176(18), pp.3489-3507.
- Ota, M., Matsuo, J., Ishida, I., Takano, H., Yokoi, Y., Hori, H., Yoshida, S., Ashida, K., Nakamura, K., Takahashi, T. and Kunugi, H., 2019. Effects of a medium-chain triglyceride-based ketogenic formula on cognitive function in patients with mild-to-moderate Alzheimer's disease. *Neuroscience letters*, 690, pp.232-236.
- Neth, B.J., Mintz, A., Whitlow, C., Jung, Y., Sai, K.S., Register, T.C., Kellar, D., Lockhart, S.N., Hoscheidt, S., Maldjian, J. and Heslegrave, A.J., 2020. Modified ketogenic diet is associated with improved cerebrospinal fluid biomarker profile, cerebral perfusion, and cerebral ketone body uptake in older adults at risk for Alzheimer's disease: a pilot study. *Neurobiology of aging*, 86, pp.54-63.
- de la Rubia Ortí, J.E., Fernández, D., Platero, F. and García-Pardo, M.P., 2021. Can the ketogenic diet improve Alzheimer's disease? Association with anxiety, depression, and glutamate system. *Frontiers in Nutrition*, 8, p.744398.

- Beckett, T.L., Studzinski, C.M., Keller, J.N., Murphy, M.P. and Niedowicz, D.M., 2013. A ketogenic diet improves motor performance but does not affect β -amyloid levels in a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. *Brain Research*, 1505, pp.61-67.
- Morrill, S.J. and Gibas, K.J., 2019. Ketogenic diet rescues cognition in ApoE4+ patient with mild Alzheimer's disease: a case study. *Diabetes & Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research & Reviews*, 13(2), pp.1187-1191.
- Broom, G.M., Shaw, I.C. and Rucklidge, J.J., 2019. The ketogenic diet is a potential treatment and prevention strategy for Alzheimer's disease. *Nutrition*, 60, pp.118-121.
- Yang, Y., Wang, X., Xiao, A., Han, J., Wang, Z. and Wen, M., 2022. A ketogenic diet prevents chronic sleep deprivation-induced Alzheimer's disease by inhibiting iron dyshomeostasis and promoting repair via the Sirt1/Nrf2 pathway. *Frontiers in aging neuroscience*, 14, p.998292.
- Tang, Y., Wang, Q. and Liu, J., 2021. Microbiota-gut-brain axis: A novel potential target of ketogenic diet for epilepsy. *Current Opinion in Pharmacology*, 61, pp.36-41.
- Cronjé, H.T., Jensen, M.K., Rozing, M.P. and Koch, M., 2021. Ketogenic therapies in mild cognitive impairment and dementia. *Current Opinion in Lipidology*, 32(5), pp.330-332.
- VanItallie, T.B., 2015. Biomarkers, ketone bodies, and the prevention of Alzheimer's disease. *Metabolism*, 64(3), pp.S51-S57.
- Pawlosky, R.J., Kemper, M.F., Kashiwaya, Y., King, M.T., Mattson, M.P. and Veech, R.L., 2017. Effects of a dietary ketone ester on hippocampal glycolytic and tricarboxylic acid cycle intermediates and amino acids in a 3xTg AD mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. *Journal of Neurochemistry*, 141(2), pp.195-207.
- Brandt, J., Buchholz, A., Henry-Barron, B., Vizthum, D., Avramopoulos, D. and Cervenka, M.C., 2019. Preliminary report on the feasibility and efficacy of the modified Atkins diet for treatment of mild cognitive impairment and early Alzheimer's disease. *Journal of Alzheimer's Disease*, 68(3), pp.969-981.
- Anderson, T., Beardsley, E. and Gibas, K., 2020. The Ketogenic Diet as a Prospective Intervention to Remit Mild Alzheimer's Disease in Apoe4+ Patient: A Case Report.
- Raulin, A.C., Doss, S.V., Trottier, Z.A., Ikezu, T.C., Bu, G. and Liu, C.C., 2022. ApoE in Alzheimer's disease: Pathophysiology and therapeutic strategies. *Molecular neurodegeneration*, 17(1), pp.1-26.
- Raulin, A.C., Doss, S.V., Trottier, Z.A., Ikezu, T.C., Bu, G. and Liu, C.C., 2022. ApoE in Alzheimer's disease: Pathophysiology and therapeutic strategies. *Molecular neurodegeneration*, 17(1), pp.1-26.
- Pietrzak, D., Kasperek, K., Rękawek, P. and Piątkowska-Chmiel, I., 2022. The therapeutic role of ketogenic diet in neurological disorders. *Nutrients*, 14(9), p.1952.

- Anderson, T., Beardsley, E. and Gibas, K., 2020. The Ketogenic Diet as a Prospective Intervention to Remit Mild Alzheimer's Disease in Apoe4+ Patient: A Case Report.
- Xu, Y., Zheng, F., Zhong, Q. and Zhu, Y., 2023. Ketogenic Diet as a Promising Non-Drug Intervention for Alzheimer's Disease: Mechanisms and Clinical Implications. *Journal of Alzheimer's Disease*, (Preprint), pp.1-26.
- Ashleigh, T., Swerdlow, R.H. and Beal, M.F., 2023. The role of mitochondrial dysfunction in Alzheimer's disease pathogenesis. *Alzheimer's & Dementia*, 19(1), pp.333-342.
- Avgerinos, K.I., Egan, J.M., Mattson, M.P. and Kapogiannis, D., 2020. Medium Chain Triglycerides induce mild ketosis and may improve cognition in Alzheimer's disease. A systematic review and meta-analysis of human studies. *Aging research reviews*, 58, p.101001.
- Veech, R.L., 2004. The therapeutic implications of ketone bodies: the effects of ketone bodies in pathological conditions: ketosis, ketogenic diet, redox states, insulin resistance, and mitochondrial metabolism. *Prostaglandins, leukotrienes, and essential fatty acids*, 70(3), pp.309-319.
- Kashiwaya, Y., Takeshima, T., Mori, N., Nakashima, K., Clarke, K. and Veech, R.L., 2000. d- β -Hydroxybutyrate protects neurons in models of Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 97(10), pp.5440-5444.
- Dahlgren, K. and Gibas, K.J., 2018. The ketogenic diet, high-intensity interval training (HIIT) and memory training in the treatment of mild cognitive impairment: A case study. *Diabetes & Metabolic Syndrome: Clinical Research & Reviews*, 12(5), pp.819-822.
- Dyńska, D., Kowalcze, K. and Paziewska, A., 2022. The role of the ketogenic diet in the treatment of neurological diseases. *Nutrients*, 14(23), p.5003.
- Lange, K.W., Guo, J., Kanaya, S., Lange, K.M., Nakamura, Y. and Li, S., 2019. Medical foods in Alzheimer's disease. *Food Science and Human Wellness*, 8(1), pp.1-7.
- Torosyan, N., Sethanandha, C., Grill, J.D., Dilley, M.L., Lee, J., Cummings, J.L., Ossinalde, C. and Silverman, D.H., 2018. Changes in regional cerebral blood flow associated with a 45-day course of the ketogenic agent, alkylidene, in patients with mild to moderate Alzheimer's disease: results of a randomized, double-blinded, pilot study. *Experimental gerontology*, 111, pp.118-121.