

Review Form 1.7

Journal Name:	Asian Journal of Language, Literature and Culture Studies
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJL2C_106769
Title of the Manuscript:	Assessing Regional Disparities in Bangladesh: A Comparative Cluster Analysis of Health, Education, and Demographic Indicators across Districts
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<p>Compulsory REVISION comments</p> <p>1. Is the manuscript important for scientific community? (Please write few sentences on this manuscript)</p> <p>2. Is the title of the article suitable? (If not please suggest an alternative title)</p> <p>3. Is the abstract of the article comprehensive?</p> <p>4. Are subsections and structure of the manuscript appropriate?</p> <p>5. Do you think the manuscript is scientifically correct?</p> <p>6. Are the references sufficient and recent? If you have suggestion of additional references, please mention in the review form.</p> <p><u>(Apart from above mentioned 6 points, reviewers are free to provide additional suggestions/comments)</u></p>	<p>This study is well done and has a useful sample.</p> <p>The results could be clearer on the description of the clusters. A graph of results could prove useful and is common in cluster analysis. Your clusters are clear in the tables, but one does not clearly see the clusters in the text. Your paragraphs are not clear.</p> <p>Major weakness: The discussion is a rehash of results. Your writing is not clear; you have citations, but each paragraph should have a clear topic and development. It is difficult to read. Here is an example of reproducing results: "Five districts significantly outperform the national averages on literacy-related indicators. These are Dhaka, Khulna, Faridpur, Munsiganj, and Rajshahi. Dhaka, Khulna, and Rajshahi are the divisional capitals. Other divisional headquarters, including Chittagong, Barishal, and Sylhet, are conspicuously absent. In Bangladesh, knowledge of HIV/AIDS in its entirety is uncommon. This proportion is approximately 10% among female adolescents (15–19 years old), which represents nearly half of the global prevalence. In addition, the urban-rural and richest-poorest ratios of comprehensive HIV/AIDS knowledge among females aged 15–24 in Bangladesh are 1.8% and 8.9%, respectively [15]." One can find most these findings in the results section. An unnecessary redundancy.</p> <p>Suggestions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Limitations. 2. Clearly describe the clusters as a whole. 3. The discussion section should not repeat the results. 	
<p>Minor REVISION comments</p> <p>1. Is language/English quality of the article suitable for scholarly communications?</p>	Fine / few issues.	
<p>Optional/General comments</p>		

PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)	

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