

Investigative and Model on the Challenges Project Engineering Managers towards Achieving Sustainability in the UK Construction Industries

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The title is grammatically incorrect and confusing. Project Engineering Manager should actually read Engineering Project Manager

(Suggested) Investigating the Challenges of Engineering Project Managers in achieving Sustainability in the UK Construction Industry.

ABSTRACT

Aim: The essential purpose of the current research was to identify the challenges faced by project engineering managers in the UK construction industry while seeking to achieve sustainability.

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Study Design: The current study was built upon six important subjects in order to accomplish this goal. In the current study, the researcher opted to do both qualitative and quantitative analysis. The quantitative analysis comprised frequency analysis, correlation analysis, and regression analysis and was based on data collected through questionnaires.

Place and Duration of Study: This study was carried out in Bristol United Kingdom for an investigative period of six (6) Months including the research question distribution and collection time as well as the interview and interaction sections with the Construction Project Engineering Managers.

Methodology: In light of the nature of the current research, the researcher selected the mixed research design. Mixed research design is the method used to collect data and analyze it using both qualitative and quantitative research methodologies.

Results: The major threats in handling the challenges of Project Engineering Management are; A probability of impact of 59.28% and a level of impact of 40.2% for General Project Management(GPM) and Establishing a Climate of trust (ECT) factors both ranked Cost Class 1, Providing a suitable context for development work (PSCDW) factor was ranked as Cost Class 2 having the percentage of occurrence (51.29%) and level of impact (36.67%) , Providing support within the team (PSWT) factor and Taking Responsibility and ownership (TRO) factor were ranked as Cost Class 4 having percentage of occurrence (40.22% and 36.78%) and level of impact (45.75% and 53%) respectively, it was noted, that GPM and ECT can cause a great threat if ignored during engineering project management procedures.

Conclusion: The study resolved that policies should be put in place to guarantee that advancement in the building sector follows economic integration. It was revealed from the findings of the study that construction is heavily dependent on conventional methods in most

rising economies, including the UK, which makes the adoption of novel techniques more challenging and stressful. An important barrier to attaining sustainable construction is clients' and other stakeholders' lack of support for innovative construction techniques.

The findings further revealed that the implementation of eco-friendly building practices by the construction sector has the tendency to reduce an asset's overall environmental impact and promote sustainable economic growth.

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Keywords: ~~Project Engineering~~, Sustainability, Analytical ~~Hierarchical Hierarchy~~ Process, Engineering ~~Project~~ Management, construction industry

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

~~On the basis of the study conducted by~~ Cocklin and Moon (2020) [1][1], ~~had opined that the~~ policy styles and cultures are ~~observed to be~~ varied and range over a spectrum from strong to supportive and from pre-emptive to reactive ~~and are~~. ~~The authors believe that these styles and cultures are~~ manifested in the extent to which environmental policy can be ~~characterised~~ characterized as “government” or “governance”. ~~;~~ Furthermore, the policy-makers have the liberty to select from the array of policy tools or instruments for the achievement of objectives related to sustainability; the main categories ~~of which are~~ recognised recognized as regulatory, and market-based, ~~as well as~~ voluntary, or information-based, while an effective policy design is characterised by the application of a suitable mix of policy instruments.

The study of Barbosa et al. (2021) [2][2], reveals that the construction industry has an increased responsibility toward society for the reduction of the damage caused by its projects to the social environment. ~~This led the government of the UK to form~~ this has resulted in the requirement for a policy of making sustainable project standards for all the projects that have been widely established [3]. However, the ~~organisations~~ organizations in the construction industry have been observed to be facing increased challenges in incorporating social, economic as well as environmental responsibility in their tactical business plans. Therefore, in context to the identified gap, the present study will examine the challenges experienced by the project engineering managers while achieving sustainability in the UK construction industry.

According to Yu et al. (2018) [4], sustainable project management is based on the practices that contribute to the controlling of the projects and ensures the achievement of their goals relates to sustainability and as such, the region becomes one for probable practical implementation of sustainability. The authors have recognised that sustainable project management has an increased focus on the planning, and monitoring as well as controlling of project delivery and support processes that ensure updating and readiness of the project for overcoming problems

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related to sustainability, based on the environmental, economic and social principles associated with the life-cycle of resources, and processes, as well as deliverables and effects of the project. ~~(The sentence is too long, please recast)~~

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According to Díaz-López et al. (2021) [5], the construction industry is identified as a contributor to be an increased source of the changes in climate and depletion of natural resources. ~~It was also~~ furthermore, it has been recognised to have a significant impact on the environment, the economy, public health, and the well-being of the cities. ~~that shows increased variation depending on the type, location, as well as the lifetime of the building.~~ The authors have also explained that sustainable building is promoted as a guiding paradigm for development in the construction sector. ~~It may be regarded as notable that~~ in 1987, the Bruntland Commission initially discussed the concept of sustainable development as the development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs [1]. The increased public awareness ~~of related to~~ the importance of sustainable development has contributeds to the mitigation of some of the negative impacts of construction on the built environment, which have ~~that has~~ been taken more seriously in the recent decades [6]. Additionally, people and policymakers as well as the building professionals have also shown increased interest in making more sustainable buildings [5]. A variety of previous studies have suggested new sustainable construction methods; but the industry has been slow in the ~~shown~~ reduced adoption of sustainability in construction for various reasons [6]. Moreover, limited research has been previously conducted for the investigation of the barriers to more sustainable construction.

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The construction industry has strong direct and indirect interconnections with the many components of sustainable development: economic, social, and environmental, which makes it an important sector to consider in ~~accept the sustainability concept in order to~~ achieving sustainable development. Because the construction industry consumes a high quantity of resources, enhancing its quality may have a substantial impact on society's overall sustainability, as seen by this example [4]. Green buildings, for example, use 36% less energy than conventional structures, resulting in a significant reduction in CO₂ emissions [7]. ~~The construction environment, which is the final output of the construction market, is another plausible cause.~~ Increasing the well-being and productivity of city dwellers can have a significant impact on the long-term health and well-being of the entire community [8]. Living in green architecture reduces cold, influenza, and asthma symptoms by 40–60%, according to a study by [9]. ~~As a final component of economic growth in the UK, the built environment includes infrastructure and buildings.~~

Sustainable construction which is about incorporating sustainability principles with traditional construction processes, has been on the rise since the latter part of the 1980s. ~~Because of the mounting evidence of environmental depletion and environmental loading, it is imperative that sustainable building improves with time.~~ As a result, the building sector has undergone considerable transformation over the previous decade, ~~in order to improve sustainable construction.~~ ~~For sustainable construction, it's about combining sustainability principles with traditional construction processes.~~ In this context, phrases like "exceptional productivity," "green," and "sustainable construction" are used interchangeably [10]. However, according to

Barbosa et al, (2021) [2], sustainable construction most thoroughly focuses on a building's impact on its environment, as well as on its social and economic impact on its surrounding area.

According to Antwi-Afari et al. (2018) [7], technical challenges are given considerable attention in the development of ecological sustainability in the UK. They include characteristics of the systems that can assist in accomplishing green goals, such as energy efficiency and employing ecologically acceptable materials. Tools like site management and waste and material management are included in the term "project engineering management." According to Chan et al. (2017) [11], the project methodology as well as non-technical concerns is currently not being sufficiently emphasized. ~~If you want to have an idea of how popular green building practices and focuses are, it~~ could be useful to evaluate the elements and focuses of the various grading systems ~~which stipulates. According to rating systems,~~ excellent practices and steps to attain green aims ~~may be found in a building's rating~~ [12]. According to Owusu-Manu et al. (2018) [13], LEED, "BCA Green Mark," and "Green Globes" are the three most often used grading systems for project management assessments.

A project management package recommended by Hwang et al. (2017) [14] is also recommended in order to accomplish the desired outcomes of green building. Clearly, the goal of this project management tool is to help project engineering managers do their jobs more successfully.

(1) Sustainable construction may be achieved with the help of ~~these~~ package's project management approach ~~to achieve~~:-

(2) Delivery of important objectives to all stakeholders involved in the project without ignoring the sustainability concept at critical junctures in the process;

(3) Green construction management practices during the construction phase;

(4) Continuous improvement through feedback and documentation of the project's life cycle.

A major problem for the construction industry, especially in the area of environmentally friendly development, is to create and implement new inventive ways to purchase, design, construct, utilize, and maintain development [15]. Customers, businesses, and society ~~demand~~ have more stringent orders in a timely manner, cost, quality, and environmental effect, and these new methods should be able to fulfill them. As a result, sustainable building as a key driver for these transformations must address certain critical issues: (1) Improving the construction stage's efficiency and effectiveness through better coordination across critical phases. (2) Creating high-quality products in a safe and healthy workplace while minimizing the impact on the surrounding environment and population. (3) Improving the construction industry holistically and long-term ~~in order to~~ meet changing customer, industry, and public needs. The challenges of the sustainable construction process are not due to a lack of available knowledge, technology, or evaluation methodologies; rather, they are a result of the complexity of the process itself. As Owusu-Manu et al. (2018) [13] explained, the sustainable building process has the problem of adopting new procedures and working methods for using new technology ~~ies~~. Changes in procedures, ~~and~~ consideration of risks and unanticipated costs are necessary for new

technology. ~~Consider learning about decision-making phases; new tasks; actors; roles; roles and ways of networking; and the primary problems in order to succeed. In order for project engineering managers to better understand their responsibilities and tasks in a green project, challenges should be introduced at the beginning of each phase [10].~~ These challenges may not be unique to sustainable construction, but the long-term goals of sustainable buildings make it difficult to quantify the advantages of addressing them.

This study aims to address the identified gaps as it is a necessity for the development of interventions and strategies to ensure sustainability in the construction industry by overcoming the challenges experienced by project engineering managers.

2 MATERIALS AND METHODOLOGY

2.1. Data Collection Procedure

~~The~~ In the words of Boros (2018) [16] data gathering is well-known to be an important component of research technique. It has been determined from the study that the data gathering technique is extremely important, as no research can be completed without considering suitable and pertinent information [16]. The classes of data gathering procedures are divided into two groups: secondary and primary techniques. The data in the primary method is obtained from a variety of sources, involving focus groups, observation, experimentation, and interviews [17]. On the other hand, the secondary technique is based on empirical literature, books, papers, journals, and sites [18]. Given that the current study is based on primary findings ~~thus, the researcher chose to collect data using the primary collection approach. As a result, the researcher conducted interviews~~ for data collection in order to collect primary data for the study. ~~For the motive of executing interviews,~~ I the data was gathered from the engineering managers of the construction industry to determine the managers' responses towards the attainment of sustainability in the industry ~~and to. Other than this, interviews were conducted by the author with the motive to~~ understand the different challenges which had influenced the engineering managers in achieving sustainability in the UK construction industry. ~~Furthermore, interviews enabled the researcher to acquire in-depth data from the managers. Lastly, the researcher was able to obtain detailed information from the engineering managers through interviews.~~ Together quantitative data of the mixed research, a survey was conducted in order to as surveys can be used to determine how representative each person's opinions and experiences are. ~~When conducted properly, surveys offer precise data about people's beliefs and actions that may be utilised to inform significant choices.~~

What kind of Interview was conducted and which survey instrument, if any, was used. What informed the choice of these techniques?

2.2. Research Approach

~~It has been recognised that inductive and deductive research are two broad classifications of research approaches widely employed in the area of research. It is believed that the consideration of the research approach should be determined by the research's nature.~~ According to Sekaran and Bougie (2016) [19], the methodological approach in a research preserves the study's validity and integrity to provide effective and reliable research. In order to verify the present study's validity, the author used the technique of inductive approach in this study to identify the challenges experienced by the project engineering managers while achieving sustainability in the UK construction industry. In addition, the inductive technique has been considered to achieve observations about the challenges and their impact on construction industry engineering managers concerning the attainment of sustainability. ~~????~~ Moreover, the current study has a great deal of information regarding manager's personal experiences, which has been examined in order to provide an even efficient analysis.

2.3. Sample Size and Sampling Strategy

~~As per~~ the study conducted by Sharma (2017) [20], sampling technique is referred to as the recognition of specific procedures that lead to the selection of sample items. Moreover, the term "sampling strategy" refers to the strategies, tools, and procedures used to pick a group of participants from the population based on the research's estimated sample size for data collection [21]. For the goal of gathering data, snowball sampling was used in the current study. The chosen respondents of the present research were project engineering managers working in the construction industry in the region of the United Kingdom. For this study, the researcher conducted semi-structured interviews. The sample size for this study was chosen to be **6-8 managers????** from the construction industry in the United Kingdom. It was ensured that the managers working had approximately **3 years of experience, ????** so that the outcomes of the research were enriched with their experiences. To gather quantitative data, snowball sampling was used and a survey was conducted from 50 engineering managers. A total of 65 survey questionnaires were distributed; however, only a total of 50 responses were obtained. For the characterized impact analysis of the grouped challenges, a total of 100 questionnaires were distributed to capture the ideal responses of engineering project managers from a wider point of view.

Your sample size is not sufficient to make any scientific deductions about the UK construction industry. UK has one of the oldest construction industry in the world and yet your sample is harvesting information from people with 3-years experience. Clearly not even up to the rank of Senior Managers. Were the respondents/participants Clients, Architects, Structural Engineers, Mechanical Engineers, Electrical Engineers, Quantity Surveyors, Contractors.etc.? was any instrument used to assess the levels of agreement among the respondents? What were the variables in the survey and interviews and how were they selected.

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2.4. Data Analysis Techniques

2.4.1 Sample evaluation using Analytical Hierarchical Process (AHP).

According to (Saaty, 2003) [22], the AHP method of analysis involves a methodological approach to achieving a decision regarding a given problem. [AHP is a mathematical technique used for multi-criteria decision-making.](#) This method of analysis consists of various steps which include:

- i. Identification of the problem.
- ii. Formation of alternatives.
- iii. Expert elicitation.

In the last step of the AHP analysis, data of the challenges of Engineering Project Managers were presented to experts who carried out pair-wise comparisons of the costs with respect to their various classes. The outcome of the comparison was a matrix that ranked the costs in the order of highest to lowest. The experts were required to rank each identified challenge against another using the Saaty scale 1-9 (Saaty, 2003) [22]. Table.1 shows the Saaty scale and explanations of various attributes. For example, if two attributes are judged to have the same level of impact, the pair-wise comparison will be 1 and so on. A score of 9 is given if one attribute is assumed to be extremely higher than the other. Intermediate judgments of 2, 4, 6 and 8 are selected when a conclusion cannot be reached from the scores of 1, 3, 5 and 7 as defined in Table 2.

[What are your primary and secondary criteria for this analysis and what are the results of the pairwise comparisons?](#)

Table 1: Saaty scale of decision preference (Saaty, 2003)

THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF ONE CRITERION OVER ANOTHER EXPRESSED AS PAIRWISE COMPARISONS,

Verbal Judgement of Preferences	Numerical Rating
Extremely preferred	9
Very strongly to extremely	8
Very strongly preferred	7
Strongly to very strongly	6
Strongly preferred	5
Moderately to strongly	4
Moderately preferred	3
Equally to moderately	2
Equally preferred	1

Judgment	Explanation	Score
Equally	Two attributes contribute equally to the objective	1

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Moderately	Slightly favour one attribute over another	3
Strongly	Strongly favour one attribute over another	5
Very strongly	Strongly favour one attribute with demonstrated importance over another	7
Extremely	Evidence favouring one attribute over another is of the highest possible order of affirmation	9
Intermediate Judgment	The intermediate values are used when compromise is needed	2,4,6,8

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Source: [23].

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2.4.2 Validation of study

The AHP is usually validated using mathematical methods that would check consistency in the data obtained. The following parameters are used to obtain good consistency of data.

2.4.2.1 Consistency Index

Consistency Index (CI) is then calculated using Equation (1).

$$CI = \frac{\lambda_{max} - n}{n - 1} \quad (1)$$

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where, n is the order of the decision matrix and is obtained from Equation (1).

The weight vector \vec{w} is given in Equation (2).

$$\vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_n \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

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Obtained from a decision matrix, Equation (3) is given as

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{2n} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{3n} \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

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The consistency of the decision matrix is then calculated as follows:

Multiply matrix A by the weight vector \vec{w} to give vector, \vec{B} in Equation (4).

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$$\vec{B} = A \cdot \vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_n \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

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where,

$$\begin{aligned} b_1 &= a_{11}w_1 + a_{12}w_2 + a_{1n}w_n \\ b_2 &= a_{21}w_1 + a_{22}w_2 + a_{2n}w_n \\ b_3 &= a_{31}w_1 + a_{32}w_2 + a_{3n}w_n \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

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Divide each element of vector \vec{B} with the corresponding element in the weight vector \vec{w} to give a new vector, \vec{c} given in Equation (6).

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Table 3 : Project Engineering Management Challenge factors, percentage of occurrence and level of impact

PEM Challenge Factors	Percentage of occurrence	Level of Impact
GPM What does this mean?	59.28 How were these values derived	40.2 High
PSCDW What does this mean?	43.51 How were these values derived	43.67 Low
TRO What does this mean?	36.78 How were these values derived	53 Low
PSWT What does this mean?	40.22 How were these values derived	45.75 Low
ECT What does this mean?	51.29 How were these values derived	36.67 Medium

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3.2 Identification and Evaluation of Challenge Factors

The AHP analysis carried out in the study ranked the costs and classified them according to their prevalence in the generation of construction and demolition wastes in the construction industry.

The responses obtained from the questionnaire issued to the 100 sampled project managers and Engineers, captured the following impact factors as possible members that contribute immensely to the challenges of Project Engineering Management (PEM).

[How were the impact factors derived?](#)

Chart results showed that the major cause of concern in handling challenges to Project Engineering Management are the GPM and ECT which is ranked class 1 and the PSCDW which is ranked class 2. TRO and PSWT ranked a similar class of 4, which indicate that with minimal consideration in Project Engineering Management, these two factors do not pose a tangible threat to proper management of engineering projects. Pictorial review is as shown in Figure 1.

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A total of 19 managerial activities and challenges were identified in the questionnaire and interview. These activities and challenges fell into five main classes: general project management, providing suitable context for development work, responsibility and ownership, providing support within a team, and establishing a climate of trust, which were defined as either task or people-oriented based on existing literature [24].

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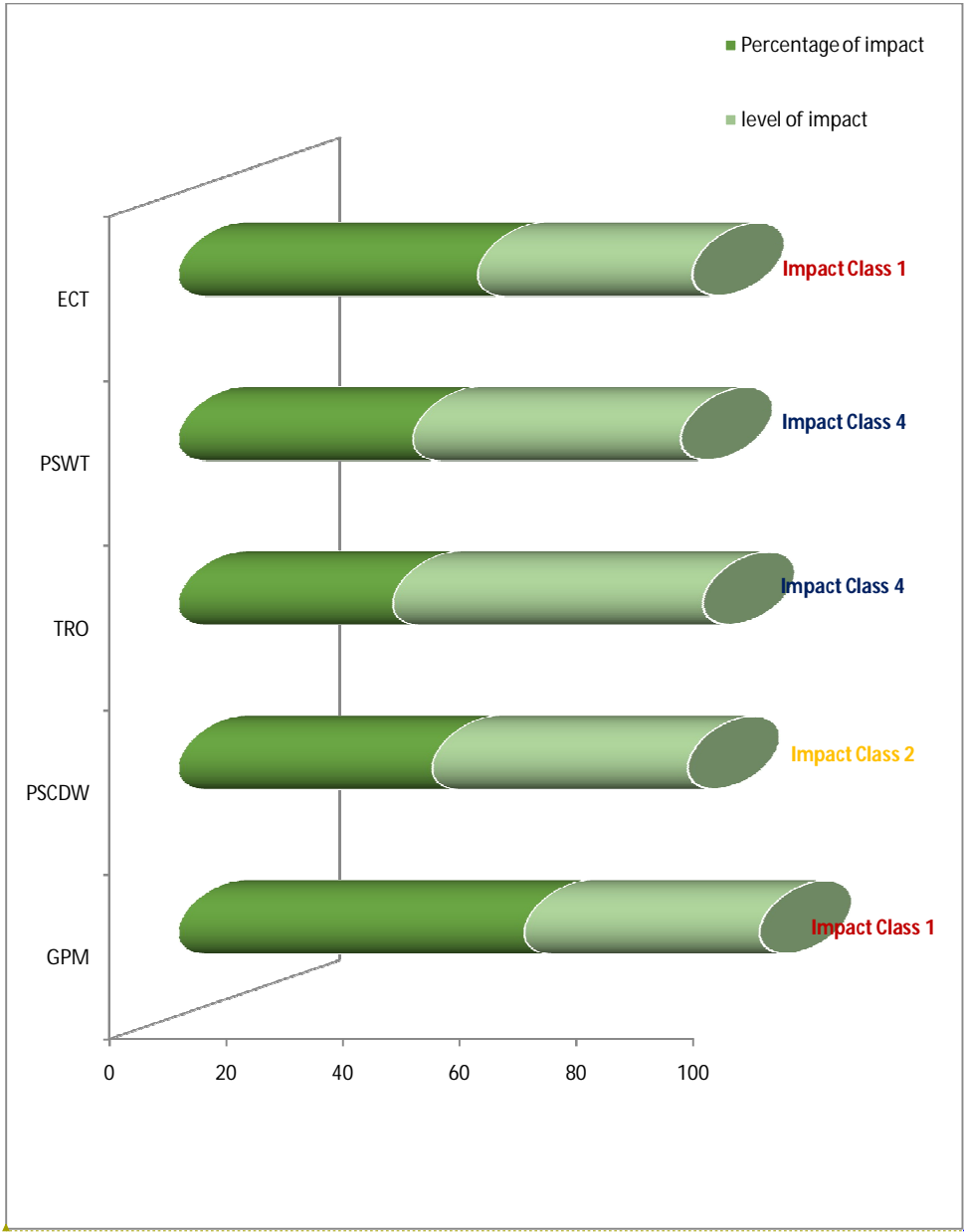


Figure 1: Bar Chart Relationship of Various Challenge Factors With Respect To Level of Impact and Percentage of Occurrence in PEM.

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General Project Management

This class involved activities and concerns related to organizing work, keeping the project under control, and ensuring the progress of work and was the most numerous class of the three task-oriented classes. It consisted of five subcategories: clarifying roles and setting goals, coordinating the whole, time management, monitoring work and documentation, and acting as an interface [25].

The largest category, clarifying roles and setting goals, contained activities such as defining team member roles, forming and delegating tasks, and deadlines resulted to 89.89% of occurrence at a 58% level of impact. The managers reported that finding roles for every team member was challenging, especially for the less active team members. Furthermore, in some of the cases defining separate roles for all members when there were many representatives from the same discipline was reported as difficult [26].

All the managers emphasized also the importance of coordinating the whole, including activities such as defining the whole, keeping the project (direction) under control, seeing the big picture, and coordinating the work of different parties. Activities such as sharing information between subgroups and making sure everyone was heading in the same direction were perceived as important, and in total the activities were the second largest activity category. This contributed 25.28% of occurrence at a 38% level of impact

Time management, involved scheduling the project and meetings of the team, and clarifying how much each member had time to use for the project contributed 51% of occurrence at a 45% level of impact. One of the most frequently expressed challenges was creating schedules so that all team members could participate in the team meetings or informal gatherings, a challenge reported by all project managers.

The category of documentation and monitoring work resulted to 71.74% of occurrence at a 47% level of impact, included segments reflecting documenting decisions and following up on delegated tasks, for example by checking the situation in weekly team meetings or inquiring on progress by phone or email.

The last subcategory of the general project management activities, acting as an interface, consisted of a few segments describing acting as a link between the team and outside parties, such as the project sponsor, and being in charge of answering the inquiries from the sponsor side. This contributed 58.97% of occurrence at a 50% level of impact.

Providing a Suitable Context for Development Work

The class consisted of innovation project specific activities and concerns aiming to boost the working of a multidisciplinary team. The three categories of the class were: establishing ways of working, accommodating to diversity, and encouraging exploration.

The category of accommodating to diversity was the largest category of the class with about 40.23% of occurrence at a 36% level of impact. The category included interview segments reflecting how diversity affected the ways of working and the behavior of the manager. For

example, creating a common vision and understanding was more challenging due to the educational and cultural diversity of the team, and ideation challenges resulted from the different perspectives and approaches of designers and engineers

Encouraging exploration, in turn, was by far the most common activity reported in relation to creating a suitable context for the project resulting in 64.05% of occurrence at a 46% level of impact. It contained activities such as explicitly requesting the team members to produce several solution alternatives to problems, encouraging team members to take on multiple perspectives, and avoiding providing any ready solutions.

Finally, the third category, establishing suitable ways of working, included concerns such as “selling” ideas to the team, protecting ideas from premature criticism, and communicating the desired behavior to the team contributed 25.58% of occurrence at a 62% level of impact.

Taking Responsibility and Ownership

The final task-related class contained interview segments reflecting the extent to which the managers distributed decision making power (in the categories of dispersed decision making and providing autonomy) and personally took part in the development work (in the category of hands-on participation). The class consisted of the following categories: providing autonomy, decisions made solely by the manager, dispersed decision making, and hands-on participation [27].

The managers reported much more distributed decisions, with dispersed decision making and providing autonomy being more numerous than hands-on participation or decisions made solely by the manager with a 62.11% of occurrence at a 40% level of impact. Autonomy was mainly provided through offering more general level task definitions rather than specific instructions, and all the managers provided decision authority to the sub-groups of the project on their own tasks.

In contrast, in the category of hands-on participation, the managers described taking part in the actual development work of the project, typically in building the prototype—more precisely, this involved activities related to concept creation and ideation generating 30.44% of occurrence at a 57% level of impact.

Finally, the category of decisions made solely by the manager with 29% of occurrence at a 78% level of impact, reflected the project manager having a strong role in decision making and making the final decisions in situations where no clear decisions could be made with the team. Typically, however, the project managers reported making decisions alone only in minor decisions and events such as deciding on meeting times.

Providing Support within the Team

Providing support within the team was the larger of the two classes of people-related managerial concerns reported by the project managers. The class included managers' actions aimed at gaining the participation of all project members, showing appreciation, and taking individual needs and differences into account. It consisted of four categories; encouraging team

member participation, being available and present, showing concern and appreciation, and providing positive feedback and recognition.

Encouraging team member participation was the largest category in the class in terms of both the activities as well as the challenges. The methods of encouraging participation included actively asking for opinions, explicitly encouraging participation in tasks, dividing the team into smaller subgroups and contacting quieter team members individually to prompt for their view. The amount of challenges in the category was also the second largest, surpassed by only difficulties in accommodating to diversity [2].

Some project managers highlighted the importance of being available and present for team members by allocating time for one-on-one meetings, keeping contact by phone and being present while subgroups were working on their own tasks. Showing concern and appreciation, in turn, involved managers showing interest in the well-being of individuals and appreciating the expertise of each team member. Providing positive feedback and recognition consisted mainly of giving positive feedback from work well done. No manager reported giving any negative feedback, and no challenges reported were related to any of these three categories.

Establishing a Climate of Trust

The final class, establishing a climate of trust, included managerial concerns of fostering open interaction and good team spirit by aiming to act as role models and emphasizing the importance of learning rather than succeeding. The class consisted of three categories: creating an open and trustful atmosphere, solving interpersonal issues and acting as a mediator, and minimizing fear of failure in the project team.

The largest category, creating an open and trustful atmosphere, was highlighted by all managers. Managers emphasized the importance of getting to know their team and making the team meetings more relaxed. They encouraged team members to give feedback, act openly and relax themselves, and aim not to dominate the meetings. The challenges occurred with team members being reluctant to spend time and participate actively in team meetings or informal gatherings [28].

Activities in the category of solving interpersonal issues and acting as a mediator involved the managers having one-on-one discussions with team members and mediating disagreements among team members. Most frequently the challenges were related to clashing personalities of the project manager and some team members.

Finally, some managers attempted to mitigate the fear of failure by emphasizing the importance of learning rather than succeeding right away. No challenges were identified in this category. ???

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The categories and sub-categories above should be discussed in the methodology, so that we can understand how they fit into the research, before we start seeing results. Are they the Primary criteria in your AHP and which once are the Secondary criteria??

4.0 CONCLUSION

The primary aim of the present study was to identify the challenges experienced by the project engineering managers while achieving sustainability in the UK construction industry. The study has proven to be beneficial to employers in the construction industry as well as the government and policymakers by pin pointing the challenges related to sustainability in the construction industry, hence providing appropriate and suitable recommendations towards overcoming such challenges.

The study was also able to identify the factors involved in the challenges of the project engineering managers towards achieving sustainability in the UK construction industry. The results of this study show that there are several difficulties faced by project engineering management teams when implementing sustainable construction practices. The study has highlighted that lack of knowledge about sustainable technologies is among the biggest issues. The findings reveal that project engineering managers do not appear to grasp enough about environmentally friendly building practices and materials. The study has also stressed the notion that it is the duty of the engineering management team to ensure that the overall output does not deviate from the performance standards. Moreover, it has been evaluated that lack of acquaintance with sustainable technology has a detrimental impact on the overall project outcome and performance. The findings have also highlighted that the lack of expertise in the sustainable supply chain, recyclable materials, and sustainable design requirements presents a challenge to project engineering management teams in the field of sustainable construction. They are compelled to speak with these types of professionals on a regular basis. Lack of time to implement sustainable building practices on construction sites due to the numerous contract types used for project delivery has been cited as another difficulty. Moreover, it is also evaluated that conflicts of interest and poor communication amongst project engineering co-workers are additional difficulties.

[The sample size and the selection criteria of respondents/participants are too limited to be representative of the UK Construction Industry.](#)

[The Interview and Survey instruments used are not quite clear, perhaps a sample of the questionnaires should have been included as an appendix.](#)

[The work will require extensive reworking and lacks sufficient details to draw any conclusions that can be representative of the UK Construction Industry](#)

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