

## Review Form 1.7

Journal Name:	<a href="#">Asian Journal of Research in Surgery</a>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJRS_104813
Title of the Manuscript:	A Huge Multicystic Splenic Lymphangioma In An Adult – Review of the literature
Type of the Article	Case study

### **General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<https://www.journalajrs.com/index.php/AJRS/editorial-policy> )

## Review Form 1.7

### PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<b>Compulsory REVISION</b> comments <b>1. Is the manuscript important for scientific community?</b> (Please write few sentences on this manuscript) <b>2. Is the title of the article suitable?</b> (If not please suggest an alternative title) <b>3. Is the abstract of the article comprehensive?</b> <b>4. Are subsections and structure of the manuscript appropriate?</b>  <b>5. Do you think the manuscript is scientifically correct?</b>  <b>6. Are the references sufficient and recent? If you have suggestion of additional references, please mention in the review form.</b> <b>(Apart from above mentioned 6 points, reviewers are free to provide additional suggestions/comments)</b>	<p>Although splenic lymphangiomas are more and more appear as case reports in adults during the last few years it is still a rare entity that clinicians should be aware of. Should add a case report to review of the literature</p> <p>The abstract should give more details about the case and provide a short conclusion after reducing introduction if needed The authors should provide some more details in the discussion connecting them to the case About symptomatology, radiological findings and which of them are characteristic, as well as about surgical technique selected and histology eg how echinococcus was excluded It should be explained why the patient reached this age undiagnosed and what might have accelerated lesion enlargement. Usually lymphangiomas get undetected due to vague symptomatology Also authors should present alternative diagnoses and provide immunohistochemistry References 1 and 2 are the same Bezzi M, et al. Cystic lymphangioma of the spleen: US-CT-MRI correlation Eur Radiol 2001;11;1187-90 Vergese BG, et al. Lymphangioma of the spleen-A rare tumor rarely seen in an adult: A case report and a comprehensive literature review. 10.5005/jp-journals-10018-1066 Rodriguez-Montes JA, et al. Splenic lymphangioma. A rare tumour. Presentation of 3 cases and a literature review Cirugia y Cirujanos 2016;84:154-159 KIM MJ, et al Splenic lymphangioma-A report of three cases. Korean J Pathol 2002;36;416-9</p>	
<b>Minor REVISION</b> comments <b>1. Is language/English quality of the article suitable for scholarly communications?</b>	Minor corrections are needed	
<b>Optional/General</b> comments		

### PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)	

### Reviewer Details:

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