

## Review Form 1.7

Journal Name:	<b>International Journal of Biochemistry Research &amp; Review</b>
Manuscript Number:	<b>Ms_IJBCRR_97909</b>
Title of the Manuscript:	<b>Effect of Dialysis on Biochemical Parameters in Chronic Renal Failure Patients</b>
Type of the Article	<b>Original Research Article</b>

### General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<https://journalijbcrr.com/index.php/IJBCRR/editorial-policy> )

### PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<b>Compulsory</b> REVISION comments  <b>1. Is the manuscript important for scientific community?</b> (Please write few sentences on this manuscript)  <b>2. Is the title of the article suitable?</b> (If not please suggest an alternative title)  <b>3. Is the abstract of the article comprehensive?</b>  <b>4. Are subsections and structure of the manuscript appropriate?</b>  <b>5. Do you think the manuscript is scientifically correct?</b>  <b>6. Are the references sufficient and recent? If you have suggestion of additional references, please mention in the review form.</b> <b>(Apart from above mentioned 6 points, reviewers are free to provide additional suggestions/comments)</b>	This systematic review provides valuable insights into the correlation between platelet count, SI, platelet count/spleen diameter ratio, and portal-systemic venous collaterals with the presence of esophageal varices in advanced liver disease. The study found that these parameters may be useful as screening tools for esophageal varices in patients with advanced liver disease. The study also highlights the importance of early detection and management of esophageal varices in patients with advanced liver disease. Overall, this systematic review is well-designed and provides important information for clinicians and researchers working in the field of liver disease.	
<b>Minor</b> REVISION comments  <b>1. Is language/English quality of the article suitable for scholarly communications?</b>	The study found a statistically significant strong positive correlation between platelet count, SI, platelet count/spleen diameter ratio, and portal-systemic venous collaterals with the presence of esophageal varices in advanced liver disease. This suggests that these parameters may be useful as screening tools for esophageal varices in patients with advanced liver disease. Typos and spelling must be corrected	
<b>Optional/General</b> comments	Follow journal guidelines	

### PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<b>Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?</b>	(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)	

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