

Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Asian Journal of Medicine and Health
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJMAH_94363
Title of the Manuscript:	THE USE OF COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT AS INFLAMMATORY BIOMARKERS IN PATIENTS WITH COLORECTAL CANCERS IN ENUGU STATE UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY TEACHING HOSPITAL, PARKLANE ENUGU
Type of the Article	

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<https://www.journalajmah.com/index.php/AJMAH/editorial-policy>)

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment <i>(if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)</i>
Compulsory REVISION comments	<p>1- Poor parameters of CBC negatively affect cancer outcomes. Are there percentages for this?</p> <p>2- According to the study, it consists of 50 males and females, between the ages of 21-70 years. If the number of patients increases exponentially, will it affect the results of the research?</p> <p>3- Was the family history of cancer cases taken into account?</p> <p>4- Have the patients been examined to ensure that they are free from chronic diseases?</p> <p>5- The study is good by taking samples that cover long ages. The question is that before 21 years, there are no cases of colon or rectal cancer.</p>	
Minor REVISION comments	<p>6- Is immunity equal for males and females of the same age?</p> <p>7- Are the samples taken from different environments or from the same medium or environment?</p> <p>8- Why the results showed that increased neutrophil/lymphocyte ratio (NLR) and decreased lymphocyte/monocyte ratio (LMR) were significantly associated with increased hazard ratio (HR) and decreased OS when $p < 0.05$</p>	
Optional/General comments	<p>9- Why did the age group 21-30 years show greater sensitivity than other age groups?</p> <p>10- What percentage of this current study supports the concept that biomarkers such as CBC and ESR can be used as an indicator. A predictive tool in early detection, treatment and monitoring of disease progression.</p> <p>11- Is there a percentage about CBC use and especially pre-treatment NLR/LMR/PLR score that can be considered a valuable prognostic indicator in patients with these solid cancers</p>	

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PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment <i>(if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)</i>
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i> Yes, Was the consent of the medical authorities and institutions obtained for the study?	

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Qusay Kh. Al-Dulamey
Department, University & Country	University of Mosul, Iraq