

## Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	<a href="#">Asian Journal of Advances in Agricultural Research</a>
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJAAR_72800
Title of the Manuscript:	Evaluation of the effect of planting delay on cluster traits and yield and prevalence of wheat yellow rust in climatic conditions of northern Khuzestan province (Iran)
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

### General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://peerreviewcentral.com/page/manuscript-withdrawal-policy>)

### PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<b>Compulsory</b> REVISION comments	<b>Some sentences are not complete, pl take care</b>	
<b>Minor</b> REVISION comments	Is/was/were	
<b>Optional/General</b> comments	<p>Yellow rust is a widespread disease across major wheat growing regions with diverse cropping systems, growing seasons and germplasm characteristics. Resulting losses have been estimated to be at least 5.5 million tons per year at worldwide level. Over the last decade a series of regional outbreaks of yellow rust epidemics have been reported worldwide, including Central and West Asia and East and North Africa. A high disease pressure was observed in 2009 and onward in North Africa, particularly in Morocco. Since 2010, yellow rust was widely spread in East Africa causing economic losses in low-input farming system. Widespread epidemics were observed in Tajikistan in 2010 and later on in Uzbekistan and other countries of Central Asia. In 2010, high disease prevalence was observed in 2010 in Syria and Lebanon imparting economic losses. These regular epidemics caused not only economic losses and additional need for fungicide sprays, but also threatened seed availability for the next cropping season. Based on these this research was formulated, Article was scientifically planned and need of that area.</p> <p>Selection of particular genotype is very important.</p> <p>This article is recommended for publication with minor corrections.</p>	

### PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i>	

### Reviewer Details:

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