

ESTIMATION OF CORRELATION AND PATH ANALYSIS FOR QUANTITATIVE TRAITS IN COWPEA (*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp).

Abstract

The experiment included 20 cowpea genotypes with three replications in a randomized block design. The study was carried out to estimate the genetic variability, genetic advance, correlation coefficient analysis and yield contributing traits and direct and indirect effect of yield component on yield through path analysis. The analysis of variance revealed the existence of all the traits. Hence, the data on all the 17 traits which showed significant differences among the entries were subjected to further statistical analysis. Maximum GCV and PCV for biological yield and harvest index were recorded. High genetic advance as a percentage of the mean for 100 seed weight. The heritability of 100 - seed weight was found to be high. For biological yield, there was a significant genetic advance. At the phenotypic and genotypic levels, seed yield per plant had a high positive significant connection with Peduncle length, Number of Secondary Branches, Number of Seeds per Pod, Number of Pods per Plant, Biological yield, and Harvest index. Days to 50% Flowering, Number of Secondary Branches, Number of Seeds per Pod, Number of Pods per Plant, 100 - seed weight all had a significant beneficial effect on seed yield per plant at both the phenotypic and genotypic levels. Genotypes IC 259106, EC 58905, IC 202797, KASHI KANCHAN, IC 202803 and IC 10854 were found to be superior for seed yield per plant.

Key words: Cowpea, Variability, Genetic advance, Correlation, Path analysis

Introduction

Cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.) is the world's oldest crop. It is a member of the Papilionaceae family and the subfamily Fabaceae, with chromosome number $2n = 22$. Africa is its principal source of origin. It is widely farmed and used around the world. Cowpea is consumed in a variety of forms, including long green pods as a vegetable, seeds as a pulse, and foliage as milch animal feed. Gujarat, West Bengal, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, and Orissa are the top growing states in India for cowpea. Cowpea is also known as "poor man's

meat." The green has 84.6 percent hydration, 60.3 percent carbohydrates, 1.8% fat, and is high in vitamins and phosphorus (**Venkatesan et al. 2003**). Cowpea is the most widely grown pulse in the world, accounting for 12.76 million ha with a total production of 7.56 million tonnes and a productivity of 750 kg per ha (**FAO 2013**). In india, the cowpea is grown in an area about 3.9 million ha with a production of 2.21 million tones with a productivity of 625 kg per ha. During 2017 -2018 the total coverage under cowpea in Uttar Pradesh is 23.61lakh hectare with a production around 22.34 lakh tonnes (**Anonymous, 2018**).Cowpea are farmed on around 3.9 million ha in India, with a yield of 625 kg per ha.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

During *Zaid* - 2021, the current study on correlation and path analysis for yield and yield contributing character in cowpea was carried out at Naini Agricultural College, Sam Higginbottom University of Agriculture, Technology & Sciences, Prayagraj U.P. The experiment was carried out in a randomised block design with 20 genotypes that were randomly ordered, reproduced three times, and divided into 60 plots. The gross area of the experiment is 144.5 m² and plot size was 1 × 1 m. The gross area of the experiment is 144.5 m² and plot size was 1 × 1 m. The row to row spacing is 60 cm and plant to plant spacing is 30 cm. The 5 competitive plants from each of the replication were tagged and observation were taken from these tagged plants at various stages of the plant through out the growing stages. Data were recorded from 17 characters viz, Days to 50% flowering, Days to 50% podding, Days to maturity, Petiole length, Peduncle length (cm), Number of primary branches, Number of secondary branches, Number of pods per cluster, Number of cluster per plant, Number of pods per plant, Pod length (cm), Number of seeds per pod, Plant height (cm), Harvest index, Biological yield (g), Seed index (g), and Seed yield per plant (g), the mean values were computed data were analysed for analysis of variance as suggested by **(Fisher 1918)** and Coefficient of variance as well as Heritability (in broad sense), as suggested by **Burton and Devane (1953)**. The Genetic advance were obtained by formula suggested by **Johnson et al. (1955)**. Phenotypic and Genotypic correlation and path coefficient of variation were computed as per the method given by **Dewey and Lu (1959)**.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

In this section, the genotypic and phenotypic coefficients of variation, heritability, and genetic progress are all presented (Table- 1). All of the characters had a wide range of diversity. The phenotypic coefficient of variance was greater than the genotypic coefficient of variation for all traits studied. The phenotypic coefficient of variation (PCV) ranged from Days to 50% blooming (5.255) to Harvest index (36.978), with harvest index (36.978) having the highest PCV magnitude (24.961). Seed yield per plant was also found to be moderate. The genotypic coefficient of variation, which measures the level of genetic variation in a population, ranged from 0.384% to 18.703%. The traits biological yield per plant (18.70%) and harvest index (16.40%) showed the highest genotypic coefficient. Peduncle length and pod length have moderate values. **Sapara et al. (2014)** discovered high PCV for pod length, while **Sapara et al. (2014)** and **Khanpara et al. (2016)** discovered moderate PCV for pod length.

The estimation of good heritability best way to understand the transmission of character from parents to their offspring (Falconer 1981). High heritability is observed for seed index (100 %) and seed yield per plant (88.22%) followed by days to maturity (82.56%), days to 50 % pod setting (72.6%), number of cluster per plant (70.8%). High heritability alone may not lead to any conclusion unless it will relate with the genetic advance as percent mean (Johnson and Robinson, 1955). High heritability coupled with high genetic advance as percent of the mean was recorded for the seed yield per plant. This finding were accordance to **Nwosu *et al.* (2013)** and **Sapara *et al.*(2014)**. The high heritability were also reported by **Suganthi and Miurugan (2007)**.

The genotypic and phenotypic correlation coefficients were computed among 17 characters in (Table -3). The number pods per cluster, pod length, number of primary branches, number of seeds per pod, number of cluster per plant, number of pods per plant, biological yield, seed index and seed yield per plant exhibited significance both at genotypic and phenotypic level. Hence therefore these above character appeared as greatest important associates of seed yield per plant and also very important for future aspects. Similarly the same result were also observed by **Kanimoli *et al.* (2015)** and **Ramesh *et al.* (2001)**.

Path analysis is also a important aspects and statistical approach to separate and observed the correlation coefficient into direct and indirect effects of independent variables on the dependent variables in (Table-4). In the present study, the path analysis correlation is carried out for 17 quantitative characters of the cowpea. Path analysis revealed that the days to 50% flowering, number of secondary branches, number of seeds per pod, number of pods per plant, seed index at both genotypic and phenotypic level. Similar results were observed by **Suganthi and Murugan (2008)** and **Lingaraj (2009)**. By looking to the nature and the result of correlation coefficient and direct and indirect effects it can be concluded that the number of seeds per pod, number of pods per plant, seed index may be given consideration during selection for crop improvement.

Table 1: Analysis of variance for seed yield and its contributing characters in cowpea genotypes.

Traits	Mean Sum of Squares		
	Treatment(df=19)	Replication(df=2)	Error(df=38)
Days to 50% flowering	36.16**	0.42	20.26
Days to 50% pod setting	237.79**	1474	106.49
Days to maturity	132.36**	1.6	5.13
Plant Height	1936.33**	3880	1248.15
Petiole Length	2.24	14.9	1.99
Peduncle Length	24.00**	10.2	10.56
Number Pods /Cluster	0.14**	0.04	0.14
Pod Length	11.28**	6.03	6.2
Number of Primary Branches	13.47**	33.5	13.48
Number of Secondary Branches	4.87**	21.7	7.2
Number Of Seeds/Pod	3.96**	4.28	2.98
Number Of Cluster / Plant	4.38**	0.05	4.04
Number Of Pods / Plant	5.03**	0.52	6.33
Biological Yield	11338.43**	78849.7	4972.43
Harvest Index	351.89**	579	282.68
Seed index	15.74**	7.62	12.06
Seed yield / plant	14.74**	5.62	12.06

Table 2: estimation of genetic parameter for 17 biometrical traits in cowpea

TRAITS	GCV	PCV	h² (Broad Sense)	Genetic Advancement %	Genetic Advancement of Mean 5%
Days to 50 % Flowering	3.485	5.255	44	3.145	4.761
Days to 50% Podding	12.118	14.22	72.6	16.689	21.274
Days to Maturity	14.78	15.02	82.56	8.67	15.89
Plant Height	7.294	12.235	35.5	18.6	8.958
Petiole Length	2.727	8.132	31.2	0.2	1.884
Peduncle Length	9.536	12.742	56	3.263	14.7
Number of Pods per Cluster	2.26	13.114	30	5.013	7.802
Pod Length	8.666	12.921	45	1.797	11.973
Number of Primary branches	0.384	10.263	50	0.006	1.03
Number of Secondary Branches	7.267	10.506	47.8	1.256	10.355
Number of Seeds per Pod	4.37	8.765	24.9	0.588	4.488
Number of Cluster per Plant	3.613	12.921	70.8	0.195	2.082
Number of Pods per Plant	5.197	10.218	25.9	0.69	5.445
Biological Yield	18.703	24.961	56.1	71.104	28.869
Harvest Index	16.399	36.978	49.7	4.388	14.982
Seed index	14.615	14.615	100	2.613	30.107
Seed Yield per Plant	7.145	16.758	88.2	0.83	6.275

Table 3: Genotypic and Phenotypic correlation coefficient of cowpea genotypes

Traits		Days to 50% flowering	Days to 50% pod setting	Days to maturity	Plant Height	Petiole Length	Peduncle Length	Number of Pods / Cluster	Pod Length	Number of Primary Branches	Number of Secondary Branches	Number of Seeds / Pod	Number of Cluster / Plant	Number of Pods / Plant	Biological Yield	Harvest Index	Seed index	Seed Yield / Plant
Days to 50% flowering	G	1	0.202	0.567	-0.036	-0.785	-0.1138*	0.985	-0.5957*	0.898	-0.5736*	-0.776	0.829	0.637	0.19	-0.906	0.7557**	0.257
	P	1	0.032	0.897	0.0349*	-0.232	0.074	-0.159	-0.291	-0.335	-0.019	-0.555	-0.0061*	-0.4072*	0.106	-0.266**	0.501	-0.108
Days to 50% pod setting	G		1	0.678	-0.168	-0.5006*	-0.147	-0.898	0.0601*	0.721	0.737	0.1689*	-0.55	-0.217	-0.3311*	0.127	-0.141	-0.662
	P		1	0.456	0.0353*	-0.385	-0.681	0.2902*	0.0683*	-0.0961**	-0.309	0.1305*	-0.02	0.188	-0.2612*	0.556*	-0.12	0.197
Days to maturity	G			1	0.987	-0.897	0.567	0.879	0.567	-0.678	-0.786	-0.678	0.789	0.678	0.987	0.346	0.567	0.867
	P			1	0.987	-0.897	0.567	0.879	0.567	-0.678	-0.786	-0.678	0.789	0.678	0.987	0.346	0.567	0.867
Plant Height	G				1	0.037	-0.246*	0.7867*	-0.489	0.344	0.933	-0.623	-0.493	0.2573*	-0.671	0.49	0.015	0.0585*
	P				1	0.1433*	-0.1038*	-0.07	-0.155	-0.086	-0.2529*	-0.241	-0.282	-0.2565*	-0.2767*	0.111	0.0092*	-0.3016*
Petiole Length	G					1	0.536	0.782	-0.1085*	-0.6892*	-0.557	-0.0303*	-0.533	-0.35	0.992**	-0.616	0.2451*	0.761
	P					1	0.5508*	-0.2329*	-0.13	0.026	0.097	-0.201	-0.211	-0.0158**	0.381	-0.2495*	0.4176*	-0.087
Peduncle Length	G						1	0.5896*	-0.246	-0.21	-0.7947*	-0.675	0.0798*	-0.4063*	0.628	-0.855	0.337	0.4086*
	P						1	-0.19	-0.1869*	0.0175*	0.344	-0.2944*	-0.1567**	0.139	0.3314*	-0.4774**	0.2519*	0.1354**
Number of Pods /Cluster	G							1	-0.6541*	0.0905*	0.563	0.437	0.493	-0.086	0.319	-0.935	0.184	0.567
	P							1	0.038	0.1589*	0.0304**	0.082	-0.362	0.361	-0.238	0.3103**	-0.204*	0.237
Pod Length	G								1	0.674	0.643	0.0213*	0.27	0.472	0.2814**	0.61	-0.33	0.985*
	P								1	-0.208	-0.1	0.415**	0.169	-0.0726*	0.049	0.288	-0.221	-0.1839*
Number of Primary Branches	G									1	-0.348	0.28	0.7454**	0.3366*	-0.35	-0.22	0.413*	0.108
	P									1	0.422	-0.109	0.043*	0.0059*	0.0207*	0.0816*	0.0903**	0.0159*
Number of Secondary Branches	G										1	0.1753*	0.8621*	-0.198	-0.514	-0.159	-0.351	0.0653**
	P										1	-0.058	-0.025	0.162	0.181	0.0728*	0.243	0.2717*
Number of Seeds / Pod	G											1	0.635	-0.9097*	-0.4372**	-0.258	0.567**	0.0032**
	P											1	0.2072**	0.2366**	-0.1564*	0.111	-0.311**	0.2521*
Number of Cluster / Plant	G												1	0.25	0.4941*	-0.773	0.493	0.3942*
	P												1	0.029	0.1993**	0.158	0.138	0.345
Number of Pods / Plant	G													1	-0.082	0.052	0.595	0.0178**
	P													1	0.006	0.411	-0.302*	0.8399*
Biological Yield	G														1	-0.267	0.3682*	0.554*
	P														1	-0.334	0.2759*	0.0984**
Harvest Index	G															1	-0.6	0.2319*
	P															1	-0.266	0.2955*
Seed index	G																1	0.687
	P																1	0.099
Seed Yield / Plant	G																	1
	P																	1

Table 4: Direct and indirect effect on yield and its yield contributing character

Traits		Days to 50% flowering	Days to 50% pod setting	Days to maturity	Plant Height	Petiole Length	Peduncle Length	Number of Pods /Cluster	Pod Length	Number of Primary Branches	Number of Secondary Branches	Number of Seeds/Pod	Number of Cluster / Plant	Number of Pods / Plant	Biological Yield	Harvest Index	Seed index	Seed Yield / Plant
Days to 50% flowering	G	0.146	0.029	-0.018	-0.005	-0.114	-0.017	0.143	-0.087	1.588	-0.084	-0.259	0.121	0.093	0.028	-0.132	0.110	0.257
	P	0.102	0.003	-0.008	0.004	-0.024	0.008	-0.016	-0.030	-0.034	-0.002	-0.056	-0.001	-0.041	0.011	-0.027	0.051	-0.1077
Days to 50% pod setting	G	-0.179	-0.887	0.029	0.149	1.331	1.017	1.684	-0.053	-4.187	-0.654	-0.150	0.488	0.193	0.294	-0.999	0.125	-0.662
	P	0.003	0.097	-0.003	0.003	-0.037	-0.066	0.028	0.007	-0.009	-0.030	0.013	-0.002	0.018	-0.025	0.054	-0.012	0.1972
Days to maturity	G	0.041	0.011	-0.335	0.020	0.383	0.053	-0.622	-0.206	2.156	0.056	-0.095	-0.276	-0.190	0.038	-0.054	0.069	0.867
	P	-0.016	-0.005	0.190	-0.007	-0.073	-0.023	-0.061	0.078	0.046	0.022	0.027	0.044	-0.055	-0.016	0.014	-0.039	0.867
Plant Height	G	0.056	0.264	0.092	-1.570	-1.628	0.386	-1.235	0.768	-11.530	-1.465	0.978	2.345	-1.974	1.054	-0.770	-0.024	0.0585*
	P	-0.001	-0.001	0.001	-0.033	-0.005	0.003	0.002	0.005	0.003	0.008	0.008	0.001	0.008	0.009	-0.004	0.000	-0.3016*
Petiole Length	G	0.006	0.011	0.009	-0.008	-0.008	-0.012	-0.029	0.008	0.187	0.012	0.000	0.019	0.003	-0.008	0.005	-0.009	0.761
	P	0.002	0.003	0.003	-0.001	-0.009	-0.005	0.002	0.001	0.000	-0.001	0.002	0.002	0.000	-0.003	0.002	-0.004	-0.0872
Peduncle Length	G	0.108	1.090	0.151	0.234	-1.459	-0.950	-0.560	0.234	6.850	0.755	0.642	-0.076	1.336	-0.596	0.812	-0.320	0.4086*
	P	0.006	-0.058	-0.010	-0.009	0.047	0.085	-0.016	-0.016	0.002	0.029	-0.025	-0.013	0.012	0.028	-0.040	0.021	0.1354**
Number of Pods /Cluster	G	-0.295	0.568	-0.556	-0.236	-1.133	-0.177	-0.300	0.196	-11.107	-0.169	-0.131	-3.142	0.026	-0.694	1.478	-0.354	0.567
	P	-0.031	0.056	-0.062	-0.014	-0.045	-0.037	0.194	0.007	0.031	0.006	0.016	-0.070	0.070	-0.046	0.060	-0.040	0.2366
Pod Length	G	0.080	-0.008	-0.082	0.065	0.148	0.033	0.087	-0.134	-2.763	-0.086	-0.137	-0.036	-0.063	-0.038	-0.082	0.044	0.985*
	P	0.075	-0.018	-0.107	0.040	0.034	0.048	-0.010	-0.259	0.054	0.026	-0.108	-0.044	0.019	-0.013	-0.075	0.057	-0.1839*
Number of Primary Branches	G	-0.608	-0.264	0.360	-0.410	1.378	0.403	-2.071	-1.154	-0.056	0.466	-0.741	-0.377	-0.019	0.466	0.124	0.135	0.108
	P	0.044	0.013	-0.031	0.011	-0.003	-0.002	-0.021	0.027	-0.130	-0.055	0.014	-0.006	-0.001	-0.003	-0.011	-0.012	0.0159*
Number of Secondary Branches	G	-0.055	0.070	-0.016	0.089	-0.148	-0.076	0.054	0.061	-0.794	0.095	-0.728	0.082	-0.019	-0.049	-0.015	-0.033	0.0653**
	P	-0.001	-0.022	0.008	-0.018	0.007	0.025	0.002	-0.007	0.030	0.072	0.004	-0.002	0.012	0.013	0.005	0.017	0.2717*
Number of Seeds/Pod	G	-0.893	0.085	0.143	-0.313	-0.015	-0.340	0.220	0.514	6.678	0.088	0.503	1.325	-0.458	-0.220	-0.130	-0.314	0.0032**
	P	-0.113	0.027	0.029	-0.049	-0.041	-0.060	0.017	0.085	-0.022	-0.012	0.204	0.042	0.048	-0.032	0.023	-0.064	0.2521*
Number of Cluster / Plant	G	-0.186	0.123	-0.185	0.334	0.567	-0.018	-2.349	-0.061	-1.510	-0.193	-0.590	-0.224	-0.728	-0.335	0.173	-0.111	0.3942*
	P	-0.002	-0.007	0.075	-0.011	-0.068	-0.051	-0.117	0.055	0.014	-0.008	0.067	0.324	0.010	0.065	0.051	0.045	0.3451
Number of Pods / Plant	G	0.074	-0.025	0.066	0.145	-0.041	-0.163	-0.010	0.055	0.039	-0.023	-0.105	0.376	0.116	-0.010	0.006	0.069	0.0178**
	P	-0.344	0.159	-0.244	-0.217	-0.013	0.118	0.305	-0.061	0.005	0.137	0.200	0.025	0.844	0.005	0.347	-0.256	0.8399*
Biological Yield	G	-0.057	0.099	0.034	0.201	-0.297	-0.188	-0.693	-0.084	2.497	0.154	0.131	-0.447	0.025	-0.299	0.080	-0.110	0.554*
	P	0.001	-0.003	-0.001	-0.003	0.005	0.004	-0.003	0.001	0.000	0.002	-0.002	0.002	0.000	0.012	-0.004	0.003	0.0984**
Harvest Index	G	0.673	-0.838	-0.121	-0.364	0.458	0.635	3.668	-0.454	1.650	0.118	0.192	0.574	-0.038	0.199	-0.743	0.446	0.2319*
	P	0.004	-0.008	-0.001	-0.002	0.004	0.007	-0.004	-0.004	-0.001	-0.001	-0.002	-0.002	-0.006	0.005	-0.014	0.004	0.2955*
Seed index	G	0.386	-0.072	-0.105	0.008	0.636	0.172	0.605	-0.169	-1.232	-0.179	-0.319	0.252	0.304	0.188	-0.306	0.511	0.687
	P	0.163	-0.039	-0.067	0.003	0.136	0.082	-0.066	-0.072	0.029	0.079	-0.101	0.045	-0.098	0.090	-0.087	0.325	0.0989

References

- Anonymous 2018.** Agriculture statistics at a glance 2018. Ministry of agriculture, Department of Agriculture and cooperation, directorate of economics and statistics, New Delhi, India.
- Burton, G. W. and Devane, E. M. (1953).** Estimation of heritability in tall fescue. *Festula arundnacea from replicated clonal material Agronomy*, 45(2): 478-481.
- Dewey, D. R., and Lu, K. H. (1959).** A Path analysis of crested grass seed production. *Agronomy journal*. 51: 515-518.
- Fisher, R. A. (1918).** The correlation between relative on the supposition of Mendalian Inheritance. *Trance Royal Society, Edinburg*. 52: 399-403.
- Johnson, H. W., Robinson, H. E. and Comstock, R. E. (1955).** Estimate of genetic and environmental variability in rice (*Oryza sativa* L.). *Agronomy Journal* 47: 314-318.
- Kanimoli, Mathivathana M, N. Shunmugavalli, A. Muthuswamy and C. Vijulan Harris (2015).** Correlation and path analysis in black gram. *Agric. Sci. Digest.*, 35(2) : 158-160.
- Khanpara S.V., Jivani L. L., Vacchani J. H., and Khacchadia V. H., (2016).** Genetic variability, heritability and genetic advance studies in vegetable cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp]. *Electronic Journal Plant Breeding.*, 7 (2):0975-928.
- Lingaraj C. H. (2009).** Assessment of genetic variability in cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata* (L) Walp) germplasm. M. Sc. (Agriculture) Thesis, University of Agricultural Science, Dharwad, Karnataka.
- Nwosu D. J., Olatunbosun B. D. and Adetiloye I. S. (2013).** Genetic Variability, Heritability and Genetic Advance in cowpea genotype in two agro-ecological environments. *Greener J. Biol. Sci.*, 3 (5), pp. 202-207.
- Ramesh K R, Sangwan R S and Singh V P. (2001).** Correlation and path analysis in cowpea. *Forage Research* 27: 25-28.
- Sapara G.K. and Javia R.M. (2014).** Correlation and Path analysis in vegetable cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.]. *International Journal of Plant Science*, 9 (1): 138-141.
- Suganthi, S. and Murugan, S. (2007).** Variability studies in cowpea [*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.]. *Crop Res.*, 33(1/3): 195-197.

Venkatesan, M. Prakash, M. and Ganesan, J. (2003).Correlation and path analysis in cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata* (L.) Walp.). *Legume Research* 26: 105-108.